Cambria : Freeman
Is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.,
BY JAMES G. HASSON,

Guaranteed Circulation, - - - - - 1,200

Subscription Rates.

One copy, 1 year, cash in advance.....$1.50
" " if not paid within 3 months. 1.75
" " if not paid within 6 months. 2.00
" " if not paid within the year.. 2.25

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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

VOLUME XXXI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897. NUMBER 28.

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Don't you know that it is a very dangerous thing to take Chloroform, Ether or Laughing Gas?

If you don't know, come to my office and I will demonstrate to you the truth of the above.

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This is the only safe anaesthetic known to-day to the dental profession. I have the exclusive right of Ebensburg. Teeth extracted positively without pain.

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May 7, 1897.

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CONCERNING COAL.

Statistical Information on Production and Consumption.

Immense Output of European Countries—The Product of the United States Almost Equals That of the United Kingdom.

An interesting report has just been issued by the London board of trade containing a wealth of statistics as to the coal industry of the world. It is pointed out that the country of Europe which has the largest production, after the United Kingdom, is Germany. The quantity produced, however, in the latter country does not amount to half of what is at present produced in the United Kingdom, the respective figures for 1895 being, the United Kingdom 189,661,000 and the German empire 79,109,000 tons. Next in point of production after Germany comes France, with 27,583,000 tons, or about a third of the production of Germany, while next again comes Belgium, where the amount of production is not very far behind that of France. The average value of the coal produced taken at the pit's mouth has compared very closely as regards the United Kingdom and Germany for several years past, being, in the United Kingdom, in 1892, 7s 3¼d; in 1893, 6s 9½d, and in 1894, 6s 8d, and in Germany, in 1892, 7s 4½d; in 1893, 6s 8d, and in 1894, 6s 7½d. In 1895, however, the value of the coal produced in Germany rose for the first time since 1887 distinctly above the price of British coal, the average price in England in 1895 being 6s 0½d, and in Germany 6s 9¾d. In 1887 the price of coal in England was 5s 9½d, and in Germany 5s 1½d. In France it will be observed that the average value at the pit's mouth was, in 1893, 9s 2¾d; in 1894, 9s 0½d, and in 1895, 8s 10d, while in Belgium it was, in 1893, 7s 5¾d; in 1894, 7s 5½d, and in 1895, 7s 6¾d. The cost of production, certainly in France, and probably in Belgium also, is placed considerably higher than it is either in the United Kingdom or in Germany.

It is desirable, however, to compare the output in European countries with one other country—namely, the United States. In the latter country the quantity of coal produced has in recent years increased distinctively, and indeed in the year of 1893 it almost equaled the output of the United Kingdom, while the year of 1893 it almost equaled the ther increase, although the total output has not equaled that of the United Kingdom, which, since 1893, has been very large. In the earlier years dealt with in the tables, viz., 1883-5, the average output of the United States was 103,000,00 tons; in the later years, 1893-95, it averaged 162,000,000 tons. The average output of the United Kingdom during the latter period was 181,000,000 tons. During the same period the cost of production of coal in the United States, which in 1883-5 was 9s 5d, fell in the years 1893-5 to 5s, or lower than the cost at the pit's mouth in either the United Kingdom or Germany.

As regards the consumption of coal per head of population, as might be expected, the highest proportion is found in those countries where steam traction and machinery worked by steam are mostly in use, such as the United Kingdom, the United States and Belgium, and the lowest in those countries where steam traction is, comparatively speaking, but little used, such as Russia and Austria. In France the consumption of coal per head of population for a country so far advanced in civilization appears at first sight to be very small, and amounts to only .95 of a ton per head, as compared with 2.56 tons per head in Belgium and 3.75 tons per head in the United Kingdom; but this, as was stated in the first issue of these tables, may be accounted for in a great measure by the large quantity of fuel of other sorts, such as turf, wood and lignite, which are all extensively used in that country. The British colonies where the amount of coal consumed is highest are Canada and New South Wales, where 1.16 tons and 1.23 tons per head of the population are consumed respectively.

The tables show that in the case of the United Kingdom, Germany, Belgium and the United States, these being the large coal-producing countries, as might be expected, most of the coal consumed, if not the whole, is of native production. Of the remaining countries, Russia consumes, roughly speaking, 79 per cent. of coal of native production, 17 per cent. of British coal and 4 per cent. of coal the produce of other countries. In Sweden the vast proportion of the coal used—viz., 87 per cent.—is of British origin, 10 per cent. of native production and the remainder the production of other countries. In France 72 per cent. of the coal used is of native origin, 12 per cent. of British and 16 per cent. the produce of other countries. In Spain the coal consumed is, roughly speaking, half native and half British produce, while in Italy almost the whole of the coal consumed is of British origin. In Austria-Hungary 67 per cent. of the coal used is of native production, less than 1 per cent. being of British production, and the remainder, or about 32 per cent., the produce of other countries, chiefly Germany.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Making Railroads Smoother.

The fact that within the past 15 years two-thirds of the unevenness in railroad tracks has been done away with on certain lines was discussed at a recent meeting of the New York Academy of Sciences. The improvement has been brought about principally through new designs and methods of manufacture of rails. A "track-indicator" car, traveling 20 or 30 miles an hour, sums up the inequalities, the "ups and downs," in the rails for each mile traversed. Formerly the "total inequality" per mile amounted to six or seven feet, even for the best roads; now it has been reduced to only 18 or 20 inches, and this remnant is said to be due to dents in the rails. It was pointed out that the improvement, which may be carried farther, brings with it heavier locomotives and cars, longer trains and higher speed.—Youth's Companion.

The Reason.

"I will be remembered," said the poet, "when you are forgotten."

"Very likely," said the plutocrat. "I always pay cash."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

FUN ON THE OLD CLIPPERS.

Not to Be Had on Modern Record-Breaking Liners.

"One of the youngsters asked me the other day," said the old skipper, reports the New York Times, "if I had ever been to Europe on a record-breaking liner. I told him I hadn't, and never wanted to go there that way. It is just a question of engineers and stokers, mere landsmen, on a big liner, and I'd rather ship before the mast, even on one of your lubberly 40-day steel square-riggers with bows like a canal boat, than go on a steamship. It would be just about as interesting to me as a trip on a railroad train.

"The kind of sailing I like it will never be the privilege of you young fellows to indulge in. You will never know the fun of having a clipper craft as sharp as a steamboat under your feet jumping across the sea under a press of canvas never seen on ocean-going sailing vessels nowadays, with her rigging as taut as iron bars, and your shipmates holding your hair on your head.

"'What she can't carry she may lug,' was the text at sea then. I remember when I was in the clipper Northern Light we carried stu'n'sails slap into Boston harbor, making the famous passage of 76 days and 4 hours from San Francisco. Our ship worked like a basket; but we had shipped a double crew for the run, and one crew did nothing but pump ship. There was some cracking on of sail when ships of 2,000 tons or more had all their top hamper whisked over on the lee side while the skipper was turning to spit over the taffrail. Even after that some of the ships made good passages. It's a funeral nowadays to lose a topgallant mast."

FIDDLIN' JOHN'S VENGEANCE.

How He Made Way with the "Bloody Sixteen" Band.

"Fiddlin' John" Turner was born in Yellow Creek Valley 83 years ago. His father lived to be 103 years old, and he killed three men. He came from Virginia and settled in the mountains of Kentucky on the farm on which "Fiddlin' John" now lives, says the Chicago Record.

"Fiddlin' John," at the age of 83 years, is hale and hearty, and there never was a better fighter, as his history shows. He was a scout under Gen. Morgan during his occupancy of Cumberland Gap and his famous retreat to the Ohio river. One thing about "Fiddlin' John" which makes him so dearly loved by the mountaineers is that there never was a better fiddler in all the mountains. "Fiddlin' John" is noted throughout the mountains because he ended the lives of 16 of the worst mountain desperadoes that ever trod Kentucky soil.

The "bloody sixteen," as this band of desperadoes was called, killed "Fiddlin' John's" brother, Sam, cut his ears off, and nailed him to a tree, and "Fiddlin' John" in turn exterminated the entire band by "bushwhacking" them one after another.

He never received a scratch in all his fighting, and he is very proud of the fact, telling everyone who asks him about it's feud:

"I just got close up to 'em, and then bushwhacked 'em."

AN AWFUL DISAPPOINTMENT.

He Declared It the Worst Sell He Ever Had.

One Sunday morning a poor man, dressed in his best, having trudged all the way from Boston, entered the church at Newburyport and took a seat near the pulpit, says the New York Recorder. Presently the service began and the preacher had not been speaking long before the visitor from Boston began to show signs of excitement. As the sermon proceeded his body swayed backward and forward, his eyes glittered strangely and at length he fell in a fit on the floor. Two deacons of the church carried him outside, laid him down on the church green, unfastened his collar and dashed water upon him, while he writhed and rolled on the earth.

At last the man recovered his senses and was asked what ailed him. "Oh, such powerful preaching!" said he. "I had heard before of men going into fits under Whitfield's preaching, but I never supposed it would double me up so."

"But," said one of the deacons, "that was not Mr. Whitfield preaching, but only a near-by minister substituting for him this morning."

At this point the Boston man became mad clear through.

"What!" said he. "Have I walked 50 miles, spoiled my best suit of clothes and had fits, and never heard Mr. Whitfield after all? Well, I'll be goldarned if that isn't the worst sell I ever had!"

Dainty Shirt Waists.

Various are the manifestations of the protein shirt waist, that has turned up once more, with detachable collars and cuffs made in the shape of linen bands, over which fall full, finely plaited linen frills. The frills are white edged, with one or two narrow lines of color, and to these special shirts are attached belts of white duck, linen or pique, very narrow, and caught in front by small, perfectly plain steel buckles. Here and there one finds the tails of these ornamental little bodices cut in scallops, edged with embroidery or corded, while a great deal of attention is given to the decoration with lace of very delectable barege and brown batiste shirts. But to so elaborate a point has the making of these bodices been carried that they are selling in the shops plain ones, in taffetas, of all colors, to wear under those which are embellished with lace, and of too fine linen gauze or silk grenadine to be worn without a silk foundation.—St. Louis Republic.

The Fortress of Aden.

The southern entrance of the Red sea is commanded by the Fortress of Aden and the fort in the little island of Perim, in the Strait of Babel-Mandeb; the guns of the latter completely covering the narrow channel, and the fortress dominating the entrance to the sea.—N. Y. World.

Nansen's Men.

Norway's storthing has voted a lump sum of 4,000 kroner, $1,080, each to Nansen's 12 companions and 3,000 kroner a year for five years to Capt. Sverdrup, who is to command the next expedition in the Fram, planned for 1898.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

HOW TO SAVE THE SEALS.

The Females to Be Branded So as to Spoil Their Hides.

Prof. David Starr Jordan, of Stanford university, lately returned from Washington, D. C., where he had been for some weeks attending to matters connected with the fur seal investigation. Prof. Jordan went to Washington to see that the Behring sea fur seal investigation was properly carried over from one administration to the other. He was the United States commissioner in the investigation made last summer at the seal islands, and he is interested in seeing carried out his recommendations for the protection of the seal herd.

Dr. Jordan said that steps would be taken by the new administration looking to a final settlement of the fur seal question on the basis of the investigation made last summer. He said:

"Great Britain sent to the fur seal islands a commission of her own, which, in connection with the American commission, has thoroughly investigated the condition of the seal herd. This commission agreed in all matters of fact with the findings of the American commission. Their report, however, has not yet been published.

"The only possible settlement of the fur seal question lies in the total prohibition of pelagic sealing. Great Britain will, therefore, doubtless be asked to unite with the United States in some equitable arrangement whereby killing of females at sea can be done away with. It is believed that Great Britain will not refuse to unite with us in taking steps to preserve the fur seals. However, in case she should refuse to make any fair arrangement, the United States will be prepared to take the matter in its own hands and protect its own interests by aggressive measures. Steps will immediately be taken to brand the female seals in such a way as to destroy the value of their skins and also to protect the males by herding them in the salt lagoon on St. Paul island during the sealing season. Practical experiments made last summer have demonstrated the feasibility of these measures, and their effect will be to put an end to the business of pelagic sealing."—San Francisco Chronicle.

HIS GRAVE OFFENSE.

He Tried to Outdo the Kaiser and So Had to Flee.

It is leze majesty in Germany to outdo the war lord in anything. That is why Otto Schoen, a young Berlin architect of high family fled from his native land lately in fear of the wrath of his emperor, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. The facts in this singular case are as follows:

Schoen was employed to plan and build a magnificent restaurant and concert hall near the kaiser's palace at Potsdam. Without intending disrespect, he drew plans which provided for a building one story higher than the emperor's. When the building authorities learned of this, they stopped the work on Schoen's building, telling him he was beside himself with impudence to dream of putting up a structure that should overtop the palace.

That day, while at dinner in a restaurant, Schoen aired his injured feelings, bluntly declaring the conduct of the authorities was infamous. The next day he was summoned before the lieutenant of police of that district, who told him that his remark in the restaurant had been overheard and that he stood guilty of having insulted his emperor, the penalty for which was imprisonment and possibly worse.

Schoen was frightened and asked the lieutenant what he should do. The latter assured him his safest course would be to fly to a foreign country. So Schoen, leaving his wife and family, took ship at Antwerp and sailed for New York. He believes he would have been ruined and his property confiscated had he remained in Berlin.

GLASS MADE BY MACHINERY.

Reducing the Price of Finished Product and Averting Trouble.

Machinery is beginning to play a very important part in flint and green-glass manufacture, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. The introduction of one machine alone for simplifying the making of fruit jars was instrumental in reducing the price list last fall, and its further application is expected to be a large factor in the settlement of wages this year. To give an idea of the revolution which is impending in this branch of the glassware business, one firm turned out last September, with five machines, 32,000 jars a day. For a month past the four additional machines have been in use, and the daily output has been 57,000 jars. There is now being built an additional tank furnace, which will double the capacity of the works and bring up the daily production to over 100,000 jars, or say, 30,000,000 jars per year, which will be fully one-third of the entire fruit jar production of the United States. Lamps, the foot and bowl of which were formerly jointed by hand, and often very imperfectly done, are now made by machines, which form the oil fount and foot at one operation and out of one piece of glass, and the lamp is practically indestructible. One firm of punch tumbler blowers has hitherto employed a few hand blowers, each hand turning out about 600 tumblers per turn. In the same factory ten machines will soon be at work, which will give an output of 100,000 punch tumblers per day.

Parliamentary Courtesy in Japan.

They have a species of foolery in the Japanese parliament as ludicrous as our senatorial "courtesy." It is called etiquette. A whole recent sitting was devoted to considering whether a member had not violated parliamentary etiquette by attending the opening in a frock coat, instead of the regulation dress suit. Finally the offending member was solemnly warned of his "indiscretion," narrowly escaping being handed over to the disciplinary committee for punishment.

Railway Accidents.

During 1896 only one passenger was killed for every 100,000,000 miles of travel. The number of railway employes killed during the year was larger than usual, being 318.

An English Railroad.

The London & Northwestern railway passes through more than half of the 58 counties of England and Wales.

AS LETTER WRITERS.

Our People Rank First Among All Nations.

The Enormous Business of the United States Post Offices as Compared with That of Other Countries.

There are 200,000 post offices in all the countries of the world enjoying organized facilities of correspondence, and of this number 70,000 are in the United States. In respect to the number of letters and postal cards written and received, the revenue and disbursements of the department, the extent, promptness and accuracy of letter delivery, as well as the number of post offices, the United States stands at the head of all other nations, Germany following second, Great Britain third, and Austria, among European nations, fourth. The United States sells in a year 2,000,000,000 two-cent stamps, which is equivalent to 1,000,000,000 letters sent through the mails in a year. In addition to this the United States sells in a year 600,000 one-cent stamps, some of which are used for letters, though a larger number for newspaper and circular postage, 12,000,000 three-cent stamps, 20,000,000 four-cent stamps, and 50,000,000 five-cent stamps, mostly used for letters sent from this country for foreign delivery. More then 1,000,000,000 letters a year, therefore, paying full postage, and exclusive of postal cards, are written in the United States.

The business of the German and of the English post office department is less than half as large. The postal card system in Germany is in much more general use than in England, and it is for this reason, perhaps, that Germany keeps ahead of England in respect to the amount of correspondence done. The number of post offices in Great Britain by the last official statement, made on January 1, 1897, was 20,275, exclusive of what is officially called in England "the road and pillar letter box." There are 150,000 employes of the post office department in Great Britain, of whom 6,500 are women and girls. The number of post office employes in Germany, where telegraphic communication is a part of the post office system, is 125,000. The number of letters handled by the Austrian post office department in a year is 750,000,000, and of these two-thirds are handled in that portion of the empire which comes under the designation of Austria and one-third only is handled in the portion officially known as Hungary. The Germans in Austria, as well as in Germany, are great letter writers, and in those cities of the United States in which the German population is numerous more letters are written in a year proportionately than in cities in which the German population is small.

The Italian post office handles 350,000,000 letters a year, the post office department of Spain, 120,000,000, of Canada 100,000,000, of Holland 100,000,000, of Belgium 125,000,000, and of Russia 200,000,000, a considerable proportion of which is carried on what are called "the mail coach roads," upon which postal service the imperial government maintains 50,000 horses. In France the number of letters handled by the post office department is about 700,000,000 in a year and the receipts of the department are about $35,000,000, or one-half of those of the United States. The French government, however, does a considerable express business, handling more than 40,000,000 parcels, or at the rate of one to each inhabitant of the country in each year. The expenditures of the post office department in the United States exceed the receipts by from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000 in an ordinary year. When times are bad there is less corresponding done.—N. Y. Sun.

WHY HE WOULDN'T FORGET

One Man Who Always Mails a Letter at Once.

"Can I trust you to mail this?" asked Miss Jawkins of the new boarder, relates the New York Journal, "or are you the kind of man who carries letters around in his pocket for a week before mailing them?"

"You may trust me," said the new boarder, taking the letter. "I was cured of that disease at my first attack. I was boarding in the same house with a very good friend, a married man. He lost his wife suddenly and was inconsolable. Loads of letters came to him from sympathetic friends and one of them was handed to me to give to him by the postman. I carried it upstairs to my room and inadvertently put it into my desk with a lot of rubbish from my breast pocket and then forgot all about it.

"Just a year later my friend had so far forgotten his loss that he became engaged to a very pretty girl. The morning of the wedding, to which I had been invited, I was putting my desk in order—a habit I have about once in six years—and I came across the letter for him. Forgetting the time at which it had come I hurried downstairs with it, and with many words of apology handed it to him. He had a habit of reading out loud and he began: 'My Dear Jack: You have received a blow in the loss of your wife from which you will never recover, but don't forget, my dear fellow, that—' Then he dropped it and glared at me.

"I didn't go to the wedding and he's never spoken to me from that day to this. Yes, indeed, you may trust me to mail your letter without fail."

SEEN IN STORE WINDOWS.

Many patterns of blue and white printed silk.

Plaid and plain bodice belts fastened with a clasp.

Brilliant lampshades of paper representing flowers.

Gorgeous grass-green, cardinal and purple satin stocks.

Dresden figured silk taffeta for girls' best house frocks.

Ruching of chiffon with loops of satin or velvet ribbon.

Plaid ribbons of unusual brightness and various widths.

Leather belts overlaid with a gilt filigree and medallions.

Scarlet mousseline hats loaded with black ostrich plumes.

Inch-wide belts of enameled squares connected by chains.

Men's black-top socks having brilliant plaid ankles and feet.

HE HAD A DOUBLE.

How a Commercial Man Missed His Dinner at a Hotel.

A sad-eyed traveler walked up to the desk of one of the hotels in Rochester recently and registered. It was about five o'clock in the afternoon.

"How soon can I have something to eat?" he asked.

"The dining-room is open at six," answered the clerk.

"Not until six? Why, man, I am starving."

"What's the matter with you?" asked the clerk, who knew him.

"Well, I'll tell you. I never played in such luck in my life. I drove into Penn Yan to-day with just 35 minutes to get my dinner, check my baggage and make Rochester. I looked after the baggage first and then took my seat at the table at the hotel. By that time I had a scant 20 minutes for dinner. One of the young women who confer a favor on the traveling public by waiting on the tables at this house was hustling along with a trayful of ironstone china and I tried to attract her attention. She looked at me disdainfully and declined to stop. When she came back I insisted on having speech with her and tried to give my order. I wish you could have seen the look on her face as she said:

"'You think you're pretty fly, but you can't fool me. You've had one dinner already.' I tried to argue with her, but she wouldn't argue and slammed away through the swinging doors into the kitchen. Then I went out and found the clerk, who came back and endeavored to convince the maiden that I had not dined, but she wouldn't have it that way. Just as another girl was called to relieve my distress I discovered that I had only seven minutes in which to catch my train and on my way to the door of the hotel I saw the fellow that looked like me. Say, what time did you tell me that dining-room opened?"—Rochester Democrat.

AN OLD HIGHLAND WOMAN.

She Was Not Going to Leave the "Auld Bit."

She had lived near Mortlach for 67 years, and although the proprietor offered her and pressed her to take a charming cottage a mile or two farther down the glen Betty would not budge, says Good Words. "I have been here the maist o' ma days, and I'm no gaen to leave the auld bit." She had been there alone through all the rigor of last winter, and what must it not have been with the bitter frost, the howling storms and the wreaths of snow!

"Eh, sirs, it was tarrible cauld," she told us, "and rats were maist awfu'. I hae seen them when I lookit oot o' ma bed sittin', lots o' them, roun' the fire. I catched two dizzen o' them in ae day in the trap—they were that hungered." Her favorite word was "tarrible." "Does the minister come to see you?" "That he does, and we had a meetin' in the farm-house the other day, and sic a tarrible lot o' folk! I'm sure there were 12 or 14." "What will you do, Betty, if next win'ter is as bad?" "That's what fears me, but the neebors are tarrible guid to me and they say that if it comes on hard they'll just carry me to their ain house." Many little gifts were left for her by the lady of the manor, and the last word I heard was: "Eh, but ye're a' tarrible kind to me!"

KITTIE FOR A LIVE DOLLIE.

A Little Girl Traveler's Queer Companion.

A little girl 11 years old recently traveled all the way from Wichita, Kan., to Rochester, N. Y., with no companion but her kitten. She was allowed to have the pet in her lap, although it is against the rules of railroad companies to allow animals in the passenger coach. Perhaps this may have been due partially to the fact that the kitten was dressed "like folks" in clothes. The cat was as handsomely attired as a favorite doll and infinitely more amusing. Her little dress did not seem a novelty to her, and the little waist with bishop sleeves and lace at the ankles, or more properly wrists, was dainty, while a handsome lace baby cap completed the most fetching toilet.

The little girl apologized for the state of kittie's clothing, as she said she had but one change out of her trunk. But kittie had spent the most of her journey on her mistress's lap or on the velvet car seat and was not in the least bedraggled. The little girl said she did not care for dolls, because they weren't alive, and kittie could play with her; besides, kittie did not object to being dressed and undressed, so she had all the pleasure of playing doll with a live dollie.

Russian Jurymen.

Some American juries are inclined to be eccentric in their verdicts, but they cannot hold a candle in this regard to the juries of Russia. The Literary Digest declares that the most incredible stories are told of Russian jurymen. Thus, the foreman of a jury declared he would not send a poor fellow to prison because it happened to be his (the juryman's) birthday. Another jury had agreed upon a verdict of guilty when the church bells began to ring. They revised their verdict because a holiday had begun. A burglar was allowed to go free because the man whom he had robbed had refused to lend him money. This, in the opinion of the jury, was a direct incentive to crime.

Leon Say's Secret.

Among the late Leon Say's papers were found five decrees dated on the same day, signed by President Grevy and countersigned by all the proper officials, appointing him to all the grades of the Legion of Honor, including the Grand Cross. Grevy went out of office without making the appointments public in the Journal Officiel, and Leon Say never mentioned the matter to anyone and never wore any of the decorations.

Clean Bookkeeping

In a ledger of 456 pages which was found in an Auburn (Me.) curiosity shop among a set of business books used a century ago by a New Gloucester firm, there is not a blot, though all the pages are full of entries. The books were kept with a quill pen and home-made ink.

Fasting in Microbial Affections.

Two French biologists claim that fasting lessens the effects of diphtheria and other microbial affections.

SILVER STREET.

An Oriental Atmosphere — Rubbish and Art Gems Mingled.

The curious Chandni Chowk, or "Silver street," of Delhi, one of the most picturesque thoroughfares in the east, derives its name from the filigree wrought with unrivaled skill and taste in the Mogul capital, says All the Year Round. Sunlight and shadow contend for mastery among irregular masses of tumbledown houses, where carved wooden balconies approached by external stairs glow with rich embroideries, which form but a tithe of the varied treasures found in the Chandni Chowk.

The muslin-robed merchants stand outside the shops to proclaim the value of the wares and to solicit inspection. Dark and winding steps lead to dusky chambers, where an all-pervading odor of sandalwood and musk creates the traditional oriental atmosphere and impregnates the bales of silk and cashmere piled round teakwood chests filled with silver, gold and jewels.

Bargaining proceeds with eastern deliberation which yields to the rapid methods of the west when the adaptable Hindoo mind detects a trace of drawing impatience on English faces. Temptation is rife and through tons of rubbish innumerable gems of art reward the explorer who can afford the necessary outlay of time and money.

STORY OF TWO DOGS.

Damon Is Dead and Stuffed, But Pythias Still Lives.

A stuffed dog in a glass case—a common, ordinary street cur—adorns the private apartments of one of Philadelphia's largest hotels, says the Philadelphia Record. There is a rather curious story connected with the defunct animal, which the hotel man recites as follows: One day the dog came nosing about the lobby, and although ejected several times always returned, evidently in search of the kitchen. Finally, in order to get rid of the cur, it was given a large piece of raw meat. Instead of eating the meat the canine took the offering in its mouth and went out into the street. Out of sheer curiosity the hotel man followed the animal and saw it take the beef to another dog, which was crouching behind the steps. The latter stood up on receiving the meat, and as it did so held one foot off the ground. It was discovered that the second dog was lame.

When the crippled dog was eating its meat the other stood guard to see that there was no interference. So it came to pass that the proprietor took both dogs into the hotel and christened them Damon and Pythias. Damon is the one in the case and Pythias still runs about, although old age is creeping on apace.

TO DRIVE AWAY MOSQUITOES.

British Shipmaster Uses His Fog Horns to Good Purpose.

While the British steamer Bellucia was in the harbor of Buenos Ayres on her last voyage to South America Capt. Nerison taught the people of that city a lesson which may be of value to people in many sections of this country. The residents of the city and the other captains in the estuary of the River Plata wondered why the English vessel's fog horn was tooted every evening. The echoes of the harsh braying of the horn waked up the harbor and caused a great deal of comment. When the mystery was solved the horns on other craft were blown, too. The explanation was very simple. Capt. Nerison, of the Bellucia, was unable to smoke his evening pipe on account of the millions of South American mosquitoes that made life on deck after sundown unbearable. He happened to remember that mosquitoes cannot stand the pulsations in the air caused by sound waves. So on every dogwatch he detailed a sailor to blow a horn back of his chair on the quarter deck and thereafter smoked his pipe undisturbed.

TREE SAP.

Idea That It Rises and Falls with the Seasons Is Erroneous.

Sap is a watery fluid found in the interior of the cells of plants and trees, and contains dissolved or suspended in it the materials required for the life and growth of the cell. The idea that in winter the sap goes down into the roots and in the spring rises again is quite erroneous, says a reliable authority. Trees and plants are full of watery sap all the winter. The phenomena of freezing in the case of trees and plants are but little understood. The sap in leaves and in smaller branches is often frozen. This is seen especially in the twigs of hickory, which in very cold weather are as brittle as glass, though the same twigs at a higher temperature cannot by any possibility be broken with the hands. For various causes the water contained in the cells only begins to crystallize at some degrees below the ordinary freezing point. This is partly due to the chemical composition of the sap, which contains various salts, starch, etc., in solution. Besides this the bark of trees is a bad conductor of heat, and the interior temperature of trees and plants is generally higher in winter and lower in summer than that of the surrounding atmosphere.

The Pope's Wit.

Since Leo XIII. has filled the chair of St. Peter, he has repressed the humorous side of his nature which made him greatly in demand as a diner-out while filling the office of nuncio at Brussels. Always severe in matters of propriety, he was deeply offended on one of these occasions by a baron who passed him a snuffbox, on the lid of which was enameled a feminine figure en dishabille. Admirably controlling his annoyance, his future holiness replied: "Very pretty. Is it your wife?"

A Matter of Business.

Servant (from next door)—Please, mum, missus sends her compliments, and will ye be so kind as to sing and play the piano this afternoon?

Lady—Why, certainly. Tell your mistress I'm glad she likes it.

"O, it isn't that, mum; she's expecting the landlord, and she wants some excuse for asking for a reduction of the rent."—Boston Globe.

—Gold in large quantities has been discovered in the interior of New Guinea by Sir William McGregor, the governor, who recently traveled across the island.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - - - JULY 23, 1897.

THE Hawaiian annexation treaty has been advanced another step. Its progress seems slow but certain.

THE Republican leaders last March introduced a tariff bill which was to their liking, announced that it would be passed by the first of April. It was amended 847 times, and passed the senate only on Thursday by a vote of 28 to 88.

THROUGH one of the many errors of the late session of the Pennsylvania legislature no funds were appropriated for the use of the fish commission of this state, and for the next two years our streams will lack the usual supply of small fry, trout, bass, etc.

ABOUT this time last year the workingmen were getting free rides to Canton, O., to see the advance agent of prosperity. Forty five tramps brought to jail on Wednesday is an indication that free rides are still popular but the g. o. p. is not paying the car fare.

REV. DR. SILAS C. SWALLOW, editor of the *Pennsylvania Methodist*, published, at Harrisburg, was sentenced on Monday to pay a fine of $500 and costs of prosecution for libeling John C. Delaney, Superintendent of Public Grounds The costs will probably exceed $2,000. Dr Swallow has appealed to the superior court.

STATE TREASURER HAYWOOD says there will be a deficit of $3,500,000 by November 1, whether or not the governor signs all the revenue measures passed by the late extravagant and corrupt legislature, and the courts declare them unconstitutional. None of these bills will go into effect this year, and under the circumstances Mr. Haywood thinks he will have to withold the payment of the school appropriation.

BIMETALISM has won victories already this year in many municipal elections. It will sweep Ohio, Iowa and Nebraska in the fall. In the congressional elections next year it will capture two-thirds of the representation in the house. It will secure a majority in the senate. In 1900 bimetalism will sweep the country. The supporters of the gold standard will then experience the sensations of those unfortunates who did not take passage in the ark during the deluge.

A DISPATCH from Seattle, Wash., says: The excitement over the Klendyke mines is on the increase and hundreds of people are preparing to sail for Alaska. The steamer Portland, which brought down over $7,000,000 in gold on her trip, will be crowded to her utmost capacity. Conservative men who have been in the country claim there is room for hundreds more in Alaska. They admit that all of the fields in the vicinity of Klendyke have been taken, but every river in Alaska is, in their judgment filled with gold.

A Harrisburg dispatch on Wednesday says: There are numerous people on the ragged edge in this state who will remain there for the next few days. They are people who have been asked by the governor to explain why they should have certain sums set apart for them in the bills making appropriations to investigating committees. The governor will not take oral statements; they must be written.

To-day Senator Merdith, of Armstrong, chairman of the Coal Miners Investigating committee, turned up and had a talk with the governor who told him to put his statement in writing. Meredith says his bill is all right. Senator Haines of York, who was on Meridth's committee, told the governor his bill was proper, but the governor told him to put it in writing.

THE amended U. S. pension law requires that all property paid for with pension money be placed upon the assessment roll and that it be not exempted unless the owner appears before the board of commissioners each year and makes affidavit as to the amount of pension money actually expended in the purchase of the property. If the property has been purchased entirely with pension money, then the property will be exempted. If, however, it has only been partly paid for by such moneys then the owner will be assessed the remaining value. No property except that occupied by the pensioner himself, by his wife or by his widow, will be exempt from taxation. Property paid for by pension money will not be exempt from taxation for local purposes or the construction or maintenance of streets and highways, but shall be exempted from state, county or general municipal taxation.

THE alien tax law passed at the recent session of the Legislature has been attacked in the United states court. A bill in equity was filed last week in the United States district court, Pittsburg, in which it claimed that the act is not only unconstitutional, but is a violation of the treaties between the United States and Great Britain. The plaintiff is John Frazer, a subject of the queen of Great Britain, and the defendant is the McConway & Torley company, by whom Frazer is employed.

Frazer claims that his employers deducted three cents a day from his wages last week in accordance with the new law, and his attorney now asks the court to adjudge the law unconstitutional, inasmuch as it is contrary to the fourteenth amendment of the constitution of the United States; is in opposition to the treaties with Great Britain and other countries and is in violation of the civil rights act as passed by congress in 1870.

THE friends of Speaker Reed, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, jubilantly announce that this great champion of the people, and enemy of trusts and corporations and purchasers of legislation has won a great victory for the people and against a most grasping corporation. Mr. Reed has forced the senate to accept the house sugar schedule.

It is indeed a great victory, worthy of the powerss of this great statesman. The sugar schedule as it left the house gave the sugar trust only what it wanted. The senate, when it took the measure, found in it great opportunity for speculation and immediately began to manipulate the house figures for private profit. The profit was secured, and as a matter of course the imposts provided by the senate before final passage of the bill could not be departed from on final passage. The bill passed the senate containing the speculative tariff figures.

The senate conferees complained that Reed prevented the house conferees from agreeing to the senate imposts. If the senate had been honest in its tariff making it would have adhered to its amendments and thrown the onus of delay of agreement upon Reed. Instead, they abandoned their amendments after only a short delay. This creates the impression that the house is jealous of the rights of the people, will not permit them to be robbed and, by the patriotism of the house and the accommodation of the senate the sugar trust is deprived of everything except the smallest possible protection.

It looks like a well understood and a well played game. The sugar trust will get as much protection as it wants, and the stern virtue of Tom Reed in defeating the senate amendments calculates upon hiding the iniquities of the house sugar schedule. But they are there It is a great victory for Reed, indeed!

THE most significant utterance in the tariff debate so far was that of Senator Mills when he said, "I come to speak for the forgotton man—the taxpayer, at whose pockets the tariff barons are so eagerly struggling to get, says the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*. "The forgotten man" is grimly looking on, conscious that he will have to furnish every dollar demanded by these un-American vampires to add to their ill-gotten hoards.

But tariff plunderers and their agents in the senate will do well to bear in mind that "the forgotten man" is not dead or helpless simply because he is forgotten. He has been extremely patient under the burdens heaped upon him for the benefit of others, but there is a limit to his patience. He was very patient in France during the first two-thirds of the eighteenth century. When at last he decided that patience had ceased to be a virtue, the throne crumbled, the "nobles" were sent into exile, church property was "sequestered" for the benefit of the community and the gutters around the Palace de la Concorde ran with blood. "The forgotten man" had asserted himself.

In all ages the man who is so apt to be forgotten when taxes are being imposed is a very dangerous man when he concludes that the time has come to force himself into recognition by the powers that be.

R. G. DUNN & Co's *Weekly Review of Trade* says: Excepting the great coal miners' strike, which may terminate at any time, there is scarcely a feature of the business outlook which is not encouraging, the season considered. Crop prospects have been improved by needed rain in some regions and advices continue to promise a large demand. In many home industries, particularly in building, there is more activity than in any year since 1892, and the week has brought a better demand in boots and shoes and in woolens, while the movement of freight, mainly iron ore, through the Sault Ste. Marie canal is the largest in its history. With money markets unclouded, there is nothing in sight to hinder rapid improvement when uncertainty about legislation has been removed, for the miners' strike could not last long if business and industries should become active. There is much less apprehension of a failure of fuel supply than there was during the first few days, when prices rapidly advanced, and large quantities of coal from west Virginia have reached northern markets, but some of the miners in that state have struck.

THE subjoined act, of interest to many of our readers, was approved by the governor on the 25th day of May last:

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in consideration of the public benefit to be derived from the retention of the forest or timber trees, the owner or owners of land in this commonwealth, having on it forest or timber trees of not less than fifty trees to the acre, and of said trees to measure at least eight inches in diameter at a height of six feet above the surface of the ground, with no portion of the said land absolutely cleared of the said trees, shall on making due proof thereof, be entitled to receive annually from the commissioners of their respective counties during the period that the said trees are maintained in sound condition upon the said land, a sum equal to eighty per centum of all taxes annually assessed and paid upon the said land, or so much of the said eighty per centum as shall not exceed the sum of forty-five cents per acre: Provided, however, that no one property owner shall be entitled to receive said sum on more than fifty acres.

A BILL proposing to erect a monument to Abraham Lincoln, in Washington, D. C., at a cost of $500,000, has been introduced in the house by Congressman Larrimer.

Warning to Gold Seekers.

San Francisco, July 19.—Joseph Ladue, the owner of the town site of Dawson City, Alaska, the nearest town to the Klendyke region, started yesterday for his home in Plattsburg, N Y. Besides owning the town site of Dawson City, where land is already selling for $5,000 a lot, Mr Ladue brought with him enough gold dust to keep him in comfort for some time to come. Mr. Ladue stated to a reporter that there was no doubt of the richness of the gold diggings in the Klendyke region. He thinks there is enough gold in the ground to keep all the miners who can work busy for the next 20 years. Mr. Ladue, however, issues a timely warning to the thousands who are preparing to rush to the gold fields this year. He says:

"There are at present about 3,500 people in the country, and that number is about all that can be accommodated this winter. Provisions are high, as it costs 10 to 15 cents a pound to land goods at Dawson City, and it is impossible to get more provisions in this year than will supply the present population. If miners rush up there this summer, unless they take with them their own supplies, they will suffer great hardships I advise everyone going to take supplies sufficient to last at least 18 months. The fare to Dawson City from San Francisco is $150, and it will cost at least $500 to transport supplies for one man. The steamer Excelsior will leave here for Alaska on July 28 and already all her passenger accommodations are engaged. This will be her last trip this year. The Excelsior goes to St. Michaels, at the mouth of the Yukon, and passengers and freight are transferred to a river steamer and carried 2,000 miles to Dawson City. Overland the route is about 500 miles from Juneau." Mr. Ladue advises people to wait until next spring before going up.

Naval Cadet Dismissed.

Washington, July 19.—Naval Cadet George S. Harris of Georgia is to be dismissed from the navy. He entered the Naval Academy last May with the new fourth class, and on the night of July 4 set off a big cannon cracker on the berth deck of the Santee while the rest of the class slept. The whole crowd was ordered on deck by the officer in charge and made to toe a seam for two hours, but this sweating process failed to bring forth an acknowledgment from the guilty cadet, and as a result the entire class was placed under arrest fer three days and confined to the guardship Harris at last confessed, the other members of the class were released, and his dismissal was recommended by the superintendent of the Naval Academy. The Georgia delegation worked hard to save the young man, but the scretary was obdurate and to day issued orders directing his dismissal.

Wanted a Farm.

Patterson, N J., July 18.—Daniel Schoonmaker, an old farmer living at Singas, six miles west of this city, became acquainted on Friday last with a very nice man, who said he was a brother of Governor Griggs, and wanted to buy a farm. Mr. Schoonmaker started in a wagon with "Mr. Griggs" to show him his property. On the road they met a seemingly old man, who said he had been robbed the alleged victim produced a pack of cards and explained. Then the snarpers induced Mr. Schoonmaker to try his luck. He won $4,000 in two bets. Mr. Schoonmaker was next induced to draw $2,000 from the Paterson Savings bank to show that he was an honest man and could have paid the bet if he had lost. The money was placed in a tin box carried by "Griggs." on the way back to Singas the sharpers left Mr. Schoonmaker, ostensibly to discuss a business proposition, and got away with the money.

Gold on Both Sides.

Washington, July 19.—W. W. Duffield, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, who is thoroughly familiar with the topography of Alaska, as the result of personal observations, believes the mountain range which follows the 141st meridian contains enormously rich deposits of gold.

The whole Klendyke creek, says General Duffield, with the gold mines located along it is within British territory and cannot be affected by any variation in surveying the 141st meridian. The head waters of Forty-mile creek are in Alaska, with 30 miles of the creek on the British side. All the paying gold deposits are on the American side, and unless subsequent discoveries are made in that field, any change in jurisdiction will not be important.

Turning Wheat Into Gold.

Kansas City, Mo., July 13.—Long trains of empty freight cars have been rolling out of Kansas City for the past two weeks and have been dropped off in twos, threes and fives on side tracks along the lines of the railroads in Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma.

These empty cars, of which there are thousands, will be filled with new '97 wheat inside of four or five weeks. A tremendous grain rush is expected, and the best of management by railroad officials will be needed to prevent a huge grain blockade, or a grain car famine.

Conservative estimates of crop statisticians place the yield of wheat for this year in Kansas alone at sixty million bushels.

Made a 101 Foot Dive.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 18.—John Norman, a carpenter, while crossing the central viaduct on Friday evening, heard the screams of a woman on the docks below. He looked over and saw a boy struggling in the river.

He leaped to the rail and, poising a moment, dived 101 feet through the air to the river. He struck the water cleanly and in a second came to the surface. The boy had sunk, but Norman went down again and brought him up unconscious. He struggled with his burden to the dock, where the two were dragged out. The boy, whose name is John Millred, after vigorous efforts, was restored to consciousness, and in the meantime Norman walked away.

Committed Suicide.

Easton, Pa., July 19.—Mrs. Charles Simmerman committed suicide in an unusual manner this afternoon. She told her 12 year old child she was going to take a bath. A few minutes later, the child heard her mother groaning and ran for help. When a neighbor climbed into the bathroom he found the woman dead on the bottom of the tub. There was not an inch of water in the tub and Mrs. Simmerman had evidently laid down with her mouth to the spigot and turned on the water. She was 32 years old and was released from the Norristown Insane asylum a few weeks ago. She was recovering rapidly until last week when it is said, domestic difficulty induced a relapse.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Washington Letter.

Washington, July 16, 1897.—Another disgraceful chapter in the disgraceful history of congressional sugar scandals was written this week. The thoroughly up-to-date brigands do not rob individuals upon the public highway; They stand in with those who control the making of a new tariff bill and utilize their advance information to make fortunes by speculating in the stock market. By giving it out that the tariff conferene committee had agreed to a compromise sugar schedule that was more favorable to the sugar trust than the Dingley schedule sugar stock was pushed up sufficiently high to make thousands of dollars for those who bought before the rise and sold at the highest point, and there are good reasons for the belief that members of both branches of congress were among those who did so.

A prominent Republican was asked when the tariff bill would get out of conference, and he replied disgustedly: "When its schedules can no longer be profitably worked on the stock market" It is remarkable how often the assertion is heard that the conference is being purposely prolonged for speculative purposes.

Jerry Simpson had to smile when his resolution for the appointment of a select committee of five to investigate the sugar trust and its relations to congressional legislation was referred to the judiciary committee of the house, which has not been appointed yet.

Probably the majority of the senate committee on foreign relations seek to ease their consciences by such "hot-stuff" as the report made this week on the resolution directing the president to demand the release of three Americans who are in Cuban prisons, having been captured on the steamer Competitor. They know the house will not act on it.

Senator Tillman never loses an opportunity to remind the country of the contempt he feels for the Democracy of ex-President Cleveland. The latest occurred during the debate which resulted in the insertion by the senate of a clause in the general deficiency appropriation bill limiting the cost of armor plate for naval vessels to $300 a ton. Senator Tillman referred to the remitting of a fine that was imposed upon the Carnegie Steel Co., by the secretary of the navy, for furnishing bad armor, by the president, when he was interrupted by Senator Allen who remarked: "And it was a Democratic president who remitted that fine." Mr. Tillman turned to the gentleman from Nebraska and said with studied politeness: "Please don't leave out 'so-called' in referring to the Democracy of that president, as it hurts my feelings to hear him referred to as a Democratic president. As for his remitting the fine, I have never sought to fathom the mystery of how he tried to override law and decency by that action."

The senators do not enjoy being snubbed by Mr. McKinley any more than they did being snubbed by Mr. Cleveland, as they have very plainly shown in their private talk to each other since it became known that Mr. McKinley had decided not to furnish the senate with the correspondence with Great Britain relating to the Seal fisheries, asked for in a senate resolution unanimously adopted nearly two months ago. Copies of the correspondence have been prepared, but this week it was decided not to send it to the senate, on the ground that it would be "incompatable with the public interests" to do so. As an additional reason for not complying with the respectful request of the senate, officials say it was feared that a publication of the correspondence might result in making the English mad. Probably uniqueness of this excuse is expected to make up for its lack of plain, everyday common sense. Meanwhile the administration has made public its instructoins to Ambassador Hay, which charge the government of Great Britain with trickery.

Republican senators resorted to filibustering to break a quorum in order to prevent a vote on the Pacific Railroad resolution of Senator Harris, of Kans., which Senator Morgan declares will save the people of this country $30,000,000, if adopted in time to prevent the commutation of the scheme started during the last administration to get possession of the road through an alleged reorganization and purchase, not to mention what will be saved to other creditors and to stockholders. Republicans were afraid to kill the resolution by a direct vote, so they resorted to such roundabout methods of doing it as refusing to vote, thus breaking a quorum. Under the senate rules a "counted quorum" doesn't go. M.

Lightning Kills Mother and Son.

New Kensington, Pa., July 20.—Mrs. Elizabeth Greer, wife of Samuel C. Greer, a farmer living near Merwin, seven miles east of here, and her 11-year-old son, James, were instantly killed by lightning yesterday. Mrs. Greer was churning. Her two boys and her daughter were standing just outside the door and her husband was in the loft overhead when the bolt struck a tree near by, passed down to a wire clothesline, ran along it and picked out the 11-year-old boy, who was standing with his mother and sister, and tore and burned his body in a shocking manner. His mother, who was churning a few feet away, was instantly killed, but not a mark was left on her body. The board she was standing on was splintered to pieces.

A Very Singular Accident.

Schwenksville, Pa., July 16.—A singular accident happened to Henry B. Wismer, a well-known farmer residing near this place: While hauling wheat about a week ago, two small grains lodged in his shoe. They remained there until he retired in the evening, when he noticed two small dents in the instep of his right foot. Several days later blood poisoning set in and for a number of days he suffered intensely. His leg was ordered to be cut off six inches above the knee. This did not bring any relief and his death is expected at any moment.

Devastated by a Hailstorm.

Franklin, Pa., July 20.—At 5 o'clock in the morning one of the heaviest hail storms that has occurred in this section for years struck the territory about eight miles from here, the Hamlet of Utica being the center. All the hay, oats, rye and wheat are down, and the farmers will loee heavily. Small saplings were razed to the ground, limbs torn from trees and the roads made impassable. A terrific rain has been falling here, and French creek and the Allegheny river are rising.

ORME BILL VETOED.

The Governor Gives the Measure the Axe.

HE DEFENDS AN APPROPRIATION.

The Bill For Refitting Grace Church Inspected Too Often to Be Wrong—He Tells Normal School Principals What They Will Have to Do.

HARRISBURG, July 21.—The Orme bill has been vetoed by Governor Hastings. The measure imposed a 10 per cent tax on the face value of all orders, checks, dividends, coupons, passbooks or other paper representing the earnings of any employe not paid in cash to the employer member of his family, and provided a penalty for failure to report annually to the auditor general.

Governor Hastings said in defense of the item of $56,590.36 in the general appropriation bill for fitting up Grace church for the use of the legislature that every contractor under the regular schedule of competitive bidding was called upon to perform his part of the work at the competitive price under which he received the contract for doing the ordinary work for the state. All the bills were examined, compared and audited by the superintendent of the work, the house buildings and grounds committees and the board of public buildings and grounds before the act was drawn for the appropriation.

The appropriation has not yet been approved and if any citizen knows of any wrong item he will perform a public service, the governor says, by giving him prompt notice of it. "There is yet ten days before I am required to pass upon it," he adds. "Let the newspapers or the individuals who are finding fault with it come forward and show a dishonest dollar in it and I will smite it like every other steal."

Governor Hastings has had a conference with the principals of the 13 state normal schools, at which the latter agreed to accept $35,000 for maintenance and pay of teachers. The legislature appropriated $40,000 to each of these institutions, but the governor warned the principals that unless they consented to a general reduction of $5,000 and waited until next May for the money he would disapprove the bill.

The Prohibition Campaign.

HARRISBURG, July 21.—The state central committee of the Prohibition party has met here and decided to open the campaign about the middle of August. State headquarters will be established in this city, the home of Rev. Dr. Silas C. Swallow, the nominee for state treasurer.

Must Die For Wife Murder.

MILFORD, Pa., July 21.—Judge Rurdy has refused to grant the motion for a new trial in the case of Herman Paul Schulz, convicted of murdering his wife. Sentence of death was then passed upon the prisoner.

Killed by a Train.

HARRISBURG, July 21.—George Sterner of Duncannon, aged 18 years, has been run down by the southern express and instantly killed. He had jumped from a freight train and did not see the passenger train.

Catholic Ladies' Convention.

CHICAGO, July 21.—The convention of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association is in session in Steinway hall. About 300 are present.

Jean Ingelow Dead.

LONDON, July 21.—Miss Jean Ingelow, the distinguished poetess and novelist, has died here. She was in her 77th year.

New England is much concerned about free hides. Some of her biggest industries, especially that of boots and shoes, have been built up during our quarter of a century of free hides. She now sells boots and shoes in all parts of the world. Taxed hides would cripple this and other industries. Her leading senators pretend to represent her and to put up a fight for free hides. In reality they will, if necessary, sacrifice free hides to obtain high duties on sugar with plenty of margin for trust profits. Just why this is so should be a matter for senatorial investigation, if such investigation would only investigate. Fortunately for the Sugar trust, but unfortunately for the rest of us 70,000,000 people, the Sugar trust understands well the art of making friends where they will do the most good. It has able attorneys to advise it how to distribute its sweets to politicians and lawmakers and at the same time to steer clear of jails.

In this way and this way only can we account for the attitude of not a few prominent tariff makers at Washington. The situation is interesting—decidedly so.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

B. & B.

Prices

are having telling effect on this

SHELF-EMPTYING

—we made the kind that would—it's a thorough cleaning of every surplus stock—nothing bombastic nor artificial about but straight-forward earnestness from the word go—samples and prices show it—and demonstrate what a chance it is to get choice goods at prices never before equalled.

Here are instances of what's being done:

Dress Goods

All-wool Checks, 20c.
Silk and wool Mixtures, 25c.
52-inch Checks, all-wool, 25c.
Fine Novelty Dress Goods and Suitings 50c.

Wash Goods

Fine Zephyr Ginghams, 10c.
Imported Dimities, neat printings, 10c.
Fine Imported Madras, splendid for shirt waists, 8, 10, 15, 25c.
Other important values in good and pretty and useful wash goods at 5, 6¼, 7, 8, 10, 12½ to 20c.

Silks and Black Goods

—a distribution such as only the choice kinds offered at the prices can bring about—remember it's choice goods we're talking about.

Write for full information about Lace Curtains, Suits, Children's Garments and anything we can send samples of. When we can we always do.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

This is Your Opportunity.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catrrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate the great merits of the remedy.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren St., New York City.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "I a positive cure for catarrah if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for catarrh and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

Home Comfort Range.

Many farmers in Cambria county are using the Home Comfort Range.

Here are a few of the many testimonials we have received:

Having used a Home Comfort Range five years we are pleased to say it gives entire satisfaction; for heating and baking it is superior to all other ranges; it taking one half the fuel of our former stove; also for cleanliness it cannot be surpassed; and an ample supply of hot water at all times.
MR. and MRS. DANIEL GEIFFITH,
Ebensburg Pa.
P. J. CRAMER,
Loretto, Pa.

Ten years ago we purchased from one of your wagons a Home Comfort Range and are pleased to say it gives entire satisfaction; it is a great fuel saver; a splendid baker; and is all and more than regresented to be; we would not part with it for twice the price of the range if we could not get another; we can cheerfully recommend the Home Comfort Range to anyone wishing a first-class range. For cleanliness and durability it has no equal.
ELIZABETH EYE, Loretto, Pa.
D. D. MILLER, Ebensburg, Pa.

We have used the Home Comfort Range for five years and are pleased to say it gives entire satisfaction; we would not do without ours; we would recommend them above all others.
J. L. YEAKLEY,
Summit, Pa.

Having used a Home Comfort Range for five years we can cheerfully recommend it to anyone wishing a first class cooking range.
JOSEPH E. KENRODE,
Loretto, Pa.
JOS. M. ROLAND,
Summit, Pa.

The Ranges are Sold Direct From the Wagons.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

Financial report of the School Directors of Allegheny township district for the school year ending Monday, June 7th, 1897.

Tax to be five mills for school.

E. F. McCONNELL, Collector, Dr.

Amount levied for school purposes		$1,786 47
Whole amount of tax levied		1,786 47
By rebate on $844 45 school, 5 p c $	42 22	
Exonerations	17 15	59 37
Net amount of duplicate		$1,727 10
Received on taxes of all kinds	$1,727 10	
State appropriations	753 91	
Rent and other sources	7 00	
From Commissioners	34 18	$2,502 16

EXPENDITURES.

By teachers' wages	$1,925 25	
By repairs	9 50	
By secretary's salary & postage	28 00	
By furniture	169 50	
By books	36 39	
By supplies	38 77	
By fuel	102 51	
By debt and interest	375 61	
By collectors' commission: on $ 4 18 at 5 per c, $1 71; $882 23 at 2 per c, $16 04; $882 65 at 5 per c $44 18		
By freight and other expenses	48 61	
By treasurer's commission	48 48	
Total		$2,534 55
Amount due treasurer	$ 32 36	
Amount on unsettled bills	65 00	
Total liabilities		$ 97 36

We hereby certify that we have examined the above and find it correct.

JOHN TOMLINSON,
W. A. BAVER,
W. T. SANKER, } Auditors.

July 16, '97. 3t.

GOLD! GOLD!!

MINING STOCKS.
Golden Bar - $ .16 Per Share
Chloride Point - $ .80 per share
Mercur - $7.85 per share

These mines are located in the Mercur Gold Fields, Utah, the largest Gold Fields in the world. We also sell Gold Mines. Write or call for particulars.

S. L. BOGGS,
521 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—Hustling male and female agents, Penn'a. and Ohio towns; exclusive territory for household aluminum ware, bicycles, bicycle electric lamps, bicycle package carriers, folding camp furniture, folding bath tubs. Stamp for reply and catalogue. McIntyre Novelty Co., 418 3d ave., Pittsburg, Pa. July 16 '97 4t.

HAVE YOU A SON

TO SEND TO SCHOOL?

The Kiskiminetas Springs School

(50 miles east of Pittsburg;
prepares young men for any College or Scientific School. $500 per year.

Let us send you our Catalogue
WILSON & FAIR, Saltsburg, Pa.
July 16, '97. 4t.

Iron and Steel Workers.

Wanted, experienced iron and steel workers to fill various positions in operating furnaces and steel plant; preference given to men who will purchase 20 or more shares of stock at $100 per share.

Address, stating experience and amount of stock able to purchase to
IRON and STEEL COMPANY,
1428 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.
July 16 '97. 4t

CANCER and TUMORS CURED no knife book free. DRS. GRATIGNY & BYAN [illegible]

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now CO. A. SCOTT, New York City

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

Having made some extensive improvements in the

OLD SHENKLE MILL

we are now prepared to turn out FIRST-CLASS WORK on Short Notice. Soliciting a portion of your patronage, I remain

S. D. LUDWIG,
PROPRIETOR.

The WEDDING CEREMONY

is by far the most important event of your life, but it is soon over and it will take something more substantial to remind you of it ever after.

This is the Wedding Ring of which I have a good stock on hand to select from as a first step. After that you can cement your happiness of married life by adding from time to time a nice Set Ring or any other nice piece of Jewelry you may think of. My stock is always complete in everything in that line from a Silver Thumble to a Diamond Ring. You are invited to call and examine my stock.

CARL RIVINIUS.

EBENSBURG

Granite and Marble Works.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

The Highest Grades of Cemetery Work

From the Best Marble and Granite produced. We are prepared to execute any class of work including the largest and most elaborate monumental memorials and our reputation earned by years of careful consideration of our customers' wants should entitle us to your potronage. All correspondence will be answered promptly and all work guaranteed as represented. Particular attention given to the setting of work. We are also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence for Cemetery, Public and Private Buildings.

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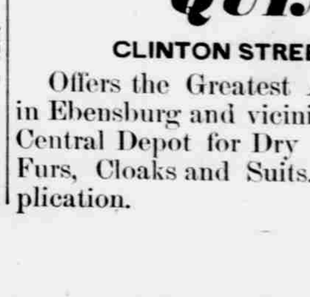

When You Visit

ALTOONA,

CALL AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL,

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

INKS.

You use ink, of course, most everyone does. Then you will be pleased to learn that we have been able to place before our trade the FINEST assortment to be had. We have an ink for fine writing and book keeping that neither fades nor corrodes. If you use copying ink or do ornamental penmanship, we have the kind of ink you want. If you need a red ink, or a paste or glue that will stick anything, we can supply you. Our student's ink stand is unique. Stop in and see our stock.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed

H. E. BENDER,

5.9531 Formerly of Carrolltown.

QUINN'S

CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN,

Offers the Greatest Advantages to shoppers in Ebensburg and vicinity. We are the Grand Central Depot for Dry Goods, Millinery, Laces, Furs, Cloaks and Suits. Samples sent on application.

ambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

DAY.....JULY 23, 1897.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

e borough reservoir was given a
ill draining last week.

T. Davis is busy at work with a
gang paving the diamond.

ster Foley, of the Carrolltown *News*,
a few hours in town on Thursday.

Joseph Sharbaugh, of Gallitzin,
visitor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

. A. Langbein, of Carroll town-
pent a few hours in town on Mon-

Carl E. McKenrick, of Pittsburg,
ding a week's vacation in Ebens-

s Florence Amsbry, of Amsbry,
g Mrs. Cyrus Jones for several days
ek.

ree men were brought to jail on
rning charged with tres-
the railroad.

k McAnulty has been appointed
ner at Barnesboro and J. W. Hall,
ner at Cresson.

Whitman has been lodged in jail
e charge of stealing $47 from H.
er, of Barnesboro, recently.

ian B. H. McCormick, of Ronce-
W. Va., is visiting his daughter,
s. Roisinger, in this place.

's Catholic church is one of the
ements contemplated by the citi-
Rocks in the near future.

Cole has sued the City of
for $10,000, on account of his
ng into a cellar and injuring her

bear has been seen several times late-
vicinity of St. Lawrence and the
of that locality are on the lookout

hown of Glen Campbell will realize
ack from the tax of three cents a
mines employed in the mines at

Evans, son of Hosea Evans, of
ave cut an ugly gash in one of his
Monday while shaving a post
ave knife.

Friday of last week Sheriff Coulter
general store of H. Orth, at Gallit-
sheriff's sale on executions issued
ous creditors.

ine belonging to Daniel Shuman,
ck township, while running
the pasture field fell and broke
s legs and had to be killed.

pair of spectacles were lost
burg on Tuesday evening. The
will confer a favor on the owner by
them at the FREEMAN office.

ning struck the hotel of Matthew
berger, at Summit, on Sunday,
off some plastering and dam-
piano. No one in the house was

grocery store of J. D. Fries, in
was closed by the sheriff of Blair
on Friday morning, as was also the
department store of Cook, Salmon &

e game of ball between Johnstown
Altoona on Saturday resulted in a vic-
Johnstown by a score of 7 to 10.
return game will be played at Patton on

ket and festival will be held at the
ce of Mrs. Walker, Centre street,
afternoon of Wednesday, July 28th.
from 5 to 9 o'clock, P. M. All are
ly invited.

Monday evening the Ebensburg
board met and selected Herman
, of this place, as principal of the
borough schools for the ensuing term at
ary of $50 per month.

C. A. Sharbaugh, Carrolltown's
ng outfitter, has a new ad. in this is-
announces a clearance sale to make
for new goods. He will give some
and bargains, so call early.

seph Kullenberger, an old man liv-
the South ward, Johnstown, was
ssaulted on and robbed by an unknown
Thursday afternoon of last week. A
book containing about $19 was tak

Berwind-White Company has pur-
2,000 acres of coal land in Cambria
in addition to the 28,000 acres
they already secured by lease. The
y intends to work the entire field
a few years.

Allegheny county authorities
refused to receive prisoners from
Pennsylvania in the work houses,
a result Mercer, Venango and But-
unties will build a workhouse for the
of prisoners.

infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest
ery died at Fenwycke Hall, in this
where the parents are stopping, on
day of last week, from cholera in-
The remains were taken to
, where the parents reside, for

cloud burst near Shelocta did a
great deal of damage Monday night.
were washed out, crops ruined and a
destruction of nearly everything
is reported. Near Marion Centre
rm was so great that the floods al-
destroyed the farm of ex-Commis-
Watson.

e started in the cellar of the Rising
in Altoona, at an early hour on
morning, which for a time, threat-
the destruction of that as well as ad-
property. The fire was finally ex-
ished but not before a loss of four or
thousand dollars had resulted. The
is fully covered by insurance.

Harry McCracken, son of John Mc-
en, one of our popular farmers,
a visit to Ligonier on Tuesday, en-
ered a blacksnake eleven feet long,
Bell's Crossing. After an exciting
the young man succeeded in killing
snake, which is one of the largest seen
this vicinity.—*Latrobe Clipper.*

The funeral of Daniel Newingham oc-
ed at Greensburg Tuesday afternoon.
ver as the mourners arrived home
the cemetery the Newingham resi-
from some unknown cause burst
one great flame of fire, and before
thing could be done nearly all the
ased's possessions were burned.

Samuel Taylor, a track hand on the
Penn railroad, between Avonmore
Delmont, was sent out by the foreman to
ork, Wednesday, when he sat down
the track and fell asleep. Some time
he was struck by a train and hurled
over the embankment, a distance of
feet, but was not seriously injured.

The use of crimson clover for feeding
s is looked upon by the farmers as
success, and many stock owners refuse
their cattle on it after it has flow-
The state board of agriculture has
ued a caution to the farmers to be
careful of the clover, for if fed to
after the seed matures it often proves

The coal miners in the Glen Campbell
ns refuse to join the big strike. Most
them are English speaking, say they
e plenty of work for which they get
pay and they don't propose to give a
of it away. The same state of af-
exists at the mines of the Indiana
ty, where all the miners are working
ull time.—*Indiana Messenger.*

—Thursday of last week, while Edward Snyder, son of Daniel Snyder, of East Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, was helping to haul in wheat, he was accidentally struck on the left hand with a pitch fork, one of the prongs piercing the flesh and making a bad wound. Two physicians have been in almost constant attendance but blood poisoning seems imminent.

—Remington Brothers, of 309 Broadway, New York, have opened a Western office in the Chamber of Commerce building, Chicago, for the better handling of their increasing Western business, their Eastern office, remaining, as heretofore, at 309 Broadway. The firm will continue at both offices with their specialty of county seat dailies and weeklies.—Extract from the *Newspaper Maker*, July 1, 1897.

—Thomas, the 14-year-old son of Joseph Stibich, of Morrellville, had a heel crushed by being run over by a shifting engine at that place on Monday evening. The lad had been in the neighborhood of the Fairfield avenue crossing when the engine passed, and he was struck by the locomotive. Dr. W. B. Lowman was called and dressed the injury, and subsequently the lad was turned over to the care of Dr. A. N. Wakefield, the family physician.

—The prospects for a great peach crop in Clinton county were never better than at present and the luscious fruit will likely be sold this year at reasonable prices, on account of the crop being so large. Peach growers in Nittany valley estimate the crop in that section of the country alone at 6,000 bushels, and there are some who put their figures as high as 10,000 bushels. It estimated that the orchards of Dr. Damm, Brownee, and the Hayes farm will each yield 1,000 bushels.

—At Redwood, N. Y., on Monday when three hundred feet from the ground, the balloon of M. C. Griffith, aeronaut for Sparks' circus, caught fire. The parachute failed to operate in time, and the balloonist fell. He had one leg broken and one ankle sprained. His face was badly bruised, and it is feared he has injured his spine. He is about 23 years of age and has been in the business since he was 9 years old. He is the same man that made a balloon ascension in Ebensburg about six weeks ago.

—Lemonade is a very healthy drink and is good for malaria, biliousness and other attendant evils. On no account, however, should it be made in a tin vessel, as the acid of the lemon forms with the tin a poison that is apt to produce sickness. This is the cause probably of the various cases of "lemonade poisoning" at picnics and social gatherings of which we hear so frequently, and which are attributed to every cause but the right one. It is better to drink lemonade without sugar, and in any event, it should not be too sweet.

—John Lukehart, the seventeen-year-old son of Henry Lukehart, of South Mahoning township, Indiana county, was instantly killed by lightning Tuesday of last week. The boy had been employed as a farm hand by Mr. McElween, and had been in the harvest field when a storm came up, but the rain promised to be over shortly, and he and Mr. McElween found shelter under a tree. The boy was sitting on the fence when the lightning shattered the tree and was killed instantly. Mr. McElween was shocked severely by the bolt.

—The overseers of Marion Centre took Mrs. John Corr to Cambria county on Monday and left her in care of the poor farm. Mrs. Corr, it will be remembered, was tried here for the murder of her child and was acquitted on the ground of insanity. She was sent to Dixmont and was a charge on Marion Centre, Corr, shortly after the trial, located in Cambria county, where he has gained a residence, and as he has not secured a divorce his home is also that of his wife, and Marion is thus relieved of its burden.—*Indiana Messenger.*

—Judge Mestrezat, of Fayette county, is examining closely the rush of foreigners who are clamoring to be made citizens. He had a batch before him last week and among other questions asked them if they had celebrated the Fourth. Of course they had, but only four could tell why or seemed to know anything about the laws and institutions of the state or country. All such were refused, and but six were granted citizenship. Another naturalization court will be held July 28th and 29th and all applicants will be closely scanned.

—Martin Murphy, of Gallitzin, was fatally injured on the Pennsylvania railroad at South Fork on Saturday evening. While attempting to board Philadelphia express for home he was struck by a Conemaugh "snapper." He was taken to Gallitzin on Fast Line and died at midnight. Murphy was one of the strikers at Mitchell's mines at Galnitzin, and had been in Johnstown on Saturday collecting funds for the strikers and their families. It is said he was under the influence of liquor when the fatal accident occurred. He was 63 years of age and is survived by his wife but no children.

—The Ebensburg Baptist church on Wednesday of last week celebrated its One Hundredth anniversary. In 1797 Rev. Morgan J. Rhees, emigrated from Wales with a number of families and located at Beulah, two miles west of Ebensburg, where they established a Baptist church. To commemorate this event services were held on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week in which the present pastor, Rev. F. I. Sigmund, was assisted by Rev. T. H. Rowe, of Homestead, Pa, Rev. S. E. Forgeous, D. D., of Huntingdon, Pa., Rev. R. S. Jones, of Ebensburg, and Rev. W. H. Conrad, D. D., of Philadelphia.

—The annual meeting of groups eight and nine of the Bankers' association of Pennsylvania, embracing the cities of Pittsburg, Allegheny, Altoona and counties adjacent, will be held at the Mountain House, Cresson, on Saturday of the present week and Monday of next. The members will assemble at the Mountain house on Friday evening at which time a banquet will be enjoyed. The business session proper will begin Saturday morning at 10 o'clock and will be presided over by S. R. Shumaker, cashier First National bank of Huntingdon. D. S. Kloss, of the First National bank of Tyrone, is secretary, and has charge of the arrangements of this important meeting.

—One thousand laths will cover seventy yards of surface, and eleven pounds of nails put them on. Eight bushels of good lime, fifteen bushels of sand, one bushel of hair, will make about enough mortar to plaster one hundred square yards. A cord of stone, three bushels of lime and a cubic yard of sand will lay one hundred cubic feet of wall. One thousand shingles laid four inches to the weather, will cover one hundred square feet of surface, and eight pounds of nails fastens them on. One-fifth more siding and flooring is needed than the number of square feet of surface, because of the lap in the siding and the matching of the floor. Five courses of brick will lay one foot in height on a chimney; six brick in a course would make a flue four siches wide and twelve long, and eight bricks in a course make a flue eight inches wide and sixteen long.

L. A. W. Meet, Philadelphia.

For the annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen at Philadelphia August 4 to 7, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell special tickets from all points on its system to Philadelphia and return at rate of a single fare for the round trip. No rate less than twenty-five cents. Tickets will be sold and will be good going on August 3 and 4, and good to return until August 9, 1897, inclusive.

Hamilton Road Law.

The new road law signed by Governor Hastings, provides:

First—That at the February election in 1898, three supervisors shall be elected, one for three years, one for two years and one for one year, and one shall be elected for three years each succeeding year thereafter.

Second—These supervisors shall levy the road tax for their respective townships. It shall not exceed 10 mills.

Third—Not less than one-fourth nor more than one-half shall be paid in money; balance in work.

Fourth—Townships must be divided into road districts of not less that five miles to the district. A road master shall have charge of each district. He must give bond for performance of duty. Board of supervisors shall fix wages paid road masters and supervisors.

Fifth—The board of supervisors shall purchase all materials and let all contracts. Notice of contract lettings to be published in two newspapers, or by 20 hand bills posted up.

Sixth—Stone crushers and other road machinery may be owned jointly by townships.

Seventh—Treasurer of road fund to give sufficient surety.

Eighth—Rebates allowed for prompt payment of tax. Penalties for non payment after a certain date. Treasurer's salary fixed by board of supervisors.

Ninth—Five days' notice to be given all who may wish to work part of their tax.

Tenth—Failure to respond after five days' notice forfeits the right to work out the tax. The whole amount then to be collected in cash.

Eleventh—No public road made hereafter shall have a higher grade than three degrees.

Twelfth—Board of supervisors to receive $1.50 per day, each, for attending meetings of the board.

Thirteenth—Vacancies in boards to be filled by appointment by the judge of the Court of Quarter Sessions.

Fourteenth—Road accounts shall be audited by township auditors annually.

Fifteenth.—Reports to be made by board of supervisors in March each year to the secretary of the department of agriculture, of tax levied and money expended.

Sixteenth—The board shall keep accurate minutes os their proceedings.

Seventeenth—Supervisors must not be interested financially in any contracts, let, work done or purchases made. Heavy penalties upon conviction.

Eighteenth—Penalties for violations of any of the provisions of this act.

Ninteenth—Existing laws to govern convictions for dereliction of duties of the supervisors and road masters.

The provisions of this act are not to go into effect until a state appropriation of $1,000,000 has been made to be expended on the roads. Said appropriation to be apportioned among the townships in proportion to the numqer of miles of road in each township. No township will receive more of said appropriation than is raised in the township by local taxation, including money and work tax.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, July 22, 1897:

Erhard B. Pfarr, Johnstown, and Regina H. Sarlouis, Lower Yoder township.

Joseph O. Seese and Eliza A. Graham, Johnstown.

Andrew Veres and Vilma Horvath, Johnstown.

John Hayes and Takais Aarbala, Johnstown.

John Schuster and Margaret Rick, Brownstown.

John Vivaak and Annie Pkiri, Johnstown.

George W. Noon, Johnstown, and Eliza Jane Turner, Duquesne, Pa.

John Evans and Rebecca Slick, Johnstown.

Francis Milton Clamson, St. Louis, Mo., and Margaret M. Humphries, Johnstown.

Joseph Hopfer, Carroll township, and Rosanna Lance, Bart township.

Martin Carman and Emma Wise, Johnstown.

Charles Glenn and Jennie Stineman, Franklin.

Normas S. Hart and Jennie Wood, Johnstown.

Great Granger' Picnic for 1897.

The great Grangers' picnic for 1897, will be held at Williams' Grove, Pa., August 23d to 28th. From inquiries and contracts received, the display of farm machinery and implements, also of horticultural and live stock, promises to exceed any exhibition yet held. The camp will be fully up to the standard, all the old as well as many new cottagers have already engaged quarters. On the platform prominent agriculturists and statesmen, as well as political stump speakers, will give their views of the condition of affairs. The financial question will be ably discussed. In the evening illusurated lectures, the Cuban war, the Turko-Grecian war and other noted countries of the world; also concerts by some of the best talent in the country will entertain those in attendance. Half rates on all railroads. For circulars giving fuller information, write to R. H. Thomas, general manager, Mechanicsburg, Pa.

A Disastrous Landslide.

A disastrous landslide occurred on Sunday evening about 7 o'clock on the Pennsylvania railroad, between Shoenberger and Union Furnace, Huntingdon county. A violent wind and rain storm passed over that section of the country, loosening the ground along the cuts. Fast line west passed shortly before the slide occurred.

The tracks were covered with mud and rocks for a distance of a hundred yards, several feet deep. Wrecking crews from Huntingdon, Tyrone and Altoona at once went to work, and up to midnight succeeded in clearing the westbound track. They worked until morning to clear all the tracks. All trains were late. Chicago and St. Louis express, was two hours behind time.

Reduced Rates.

For the United Brethren camp meeting at Mt. Gretna, Pa., August 3 to 12, 1897, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its system east of Pittsburg and Erie, and west of and including Philadelphia, to Mt. Gretna and return at reduced rates. These tickets will be sold August 1 to August 12 inclusive, good to return until August 20, 1897, inclusive. For specific rate, conditions, etc., apply to nearest ticket agent.

Amusement at Lake Rowena.

On Saturday, July 24th, there will be an entertainment at Lake Rowena consisting of boat races, tub races, wheelbarrow race, shoe scramble, bag race, tug of war, potato race, etc. There will be dancing in the evening and the music will be furnished by Professor Maitland. Refreshments served on the ground. Everybody attend. Admission to the grounds 10 cents, children 5 cents. Don't forget the date, Saturday of this week.

G. A. R. Encampment.

For the National encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, at Buffalo, August 22, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell special tickets from all points on its system to Buffalo and return at rate of a single fare for the round trip. These tickets will be sold and will be good going on August 21 to 23, and good to return not earlier than August 24 nor later than August 31, 1897.

Correspondence.

Carrolltown, Pa. July 21, 1897.

ED. FREEMAN:—Unwept, unhonored and unsung is the epitaph of the recent Pennsylvania legislature, as inscribed upon its record by the people. The party in the majority in this state, we will not call it the Republican party, in justice to true Republicans, has such an overwhelming majority that its bosses rule with almost absolute tyranny, in utter disregard to the interests of the people. Is it not a parody on the voters who elect men from their number to represent them and to voice their lawful wants and needs and are expected to be able to take care of them in the hall of the house of representatives, to see that every vote and action controlled by such men as that man who seems to be resolved to ruin or rule the state, M. S. Quay and his satelites, to call a halt. Just think back what a contrast, Governor Pattison to Governor Hastings. Never in the political history of the state has there been such a disgraceful condition of affairs, and never has there been such an impotent set of men occupying the legislative halls. Democrats, gird on your armor and step into the arena and fight the battle for right, for the true and only principle of people's governments, that form of government, in the language of Thomas Jefferson, the immortal, "that government which governs least is best."

If the people will not make one great and universal effort and rise in their might and throw off this yoke that is almost encircling their rights as free people, their liberties will be lost. Surely every thoughtful person and lover of his country and its institutions can see where their rights are drifting; can surely see that concentration of property, both personal and real is going into the hands of the few, being concentrated more and more surely every year and as time wears, all things wear, our liberties will wear out and in a short period our free institutions will be no more. Oh, my countrymen! stop and think, consider and sum up the state of the country and you will surely return to the path, yeomen of the olden-time Democracy mapped out for your future self-government and happiness to the masses.

COAL ITEMS.

McGonigal's mines started to work on Monday and the men rejoiceth thereat.

The Beech Creek railroad which passes through the north end of town, is busy hauling coal from their mines at Barnesboro.

The Elmora mines, west of town, are still Idle, no settlement of their difficulties being arrived at yet.

Mr. Peter Campbell is developing a mine of cannel coal on his farm near town. The vein is said to be six feet in thickness.

Coal men are busy taking leases along Little Chest Creek and the head waters of the Blacklick.

Sterling mine, west of town, has resumed operations and is running full time. It gives employment to a large number of men.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mrs. Bearinger, an old resident, is slowly recovering from a serious attack of heart trouble.

J. C. Easly, Esq., and James Null, Esq., Carrolltown's two attorneys, took a business trip to Hastings and Barnesboro on Friday last.

The Carrolltown baseball club played the Cherrytree club on the grounds of the latter on Saturday last, score 15 to 5 in favor of Cherrytree. Our boys say it was an accident. The same club played Spangler and Barnesborough on the fair ground diamond and retrieved themselves by defeating the visiting team 25 to 5 in favor of the home team.

Joseph Null, our plasterer, was working at Patton last week.

Benjamin Wirtner, Jr., Esq., attorney-at-law, of Greensburg, Pa., visited his parents in this place last week.

Illig's dam, near Bradley Junction was drained last week under the management of John Crook, of Spangler and quite a catch of fish was made. Many parties from Spangler, Chest Springs, Carrolltown and other places were present. The sport wound up with a quarrel over the possession of an eel in which several of the sportsmen were put "hors de combat."

C. A. Langbein will occupy his new and finely finished residence next week.

We had a shower of rain on Monday and it was very badly needed.

S. P. Huber placed a new roof on his house last week.

Messrs. John Alberter and Dennis Bearer took their departure on Monday for Twin Rocks to dig coal.

There are several horses in course of training on the Carrolltown race course from Patton and Hastings.

The old brewery erected by Julius Stich, deceased, about 18 years ago is being torn down.

Our town is filling up with summer visitors. This is one of the most hygenic towns in the state, beautiful views and mountain scenery.

MORE ANON.

Real Estate Transfers.

Francis F. Topper et al. to Matilda Jane Costlow, Adams, consideration, $1.

Executor of Joseph S. Borkey to J. B. Denny, $480.

Mary Ryan et al. to Bridget Rodgers, Johnstown, $1.

Mountain Coal company to W. W. Baker, Dunlo, $475.

W. J. Dawson to W. W. Amsbry, Allegheny, $1,278.

Joseph Sharbaugh et ux. to William T. Isenberg, Ebensburg, $500.

Elizabeth Thompson et vir to Julia McIntosh, Lilly, $200.

Keystone Building & Loan Association to Alexander Frohlick, Johnstown, $500.

James R. Myers et ux. to Mary Lewis, Ebensburg, $300.

Josiah S. Blough et ux. to Samuel W. Blough, Stonycreek, $4,100.

A. J. Haws to William H. Haws, Coopersdale, $1,500.

Land, Title & Trust company, trustee, to F. J. Craig, Morrellville, $1,525.

L. H. Linton Sheridan et vir to Ralph Toms, Johnstown, $1,700.

J. G. C. Bearer to Walburga Scanlan, Carroll, $55.

Cambria Iron company to John Krause, East Conemaugh, $350.

Charles Anna to Swan Swansen, Patton, $65.

Executors of George B. Wike to Mary A. Straunsbaugh, Blacklick, $500.

Executrix of Henry Blum to Thomas Elder, $500.

Mine Troubles at Gallitzin.

There are still smouldering embers of trouble at Gallitzin. On Tuesday Charles Shaffer and Peter McNeal were arrested for going to the mouth of the mines with drums and endeavoring to get the non-union men to quit work. On Tuesday Messrs. Stephens, Owens & Pascoe, attorneys of Tyrone, representing the Mitchell Coal & Coke company, presented a petition in court asking for an injunction to restrain the striking miners from overt acts and to allow the company to have charge of its own affairs. The petition cites that the striking miners are to be witheld from any act of violence toward the Mitchell Coal & Coke company or any of its employes on the part of any person or persons who are not in their employ, Judge Martin Bell, of Blair county presided, Judge Barker being away on a visit. The injunction was granted and the attorneys for the company will ask for its continuance on Saturday next.

In addition the Mitchell Coal & Coke company ask compensation for the outlay they have been at in defending their property and employes. The sheriff served the injunction on Tuesday evening.

Miscellaneous Notices.

EIGHT valuable properties for sale. Call on or address JAMES NULL
Atty. at Law and Real Estate Agent,
Carrolltown, Pa.

WHY pay retail prices? LETTS will take your order for a First Class sewing machine, warranted TEN YEARS for $13.00

ONE HUNDRED head "O I C" and Poland China hogs all ages and size and some fine bred sows for sale at the farm of A. E. MARSH, one mile east of Ebensburg.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Rhey Building Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in JULY, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LAHINEK, Secretary. President

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

JOS. HORNE & CO.

We are carrying on the greatest sale of seasonable goods, at the lowest prices ever known in the mercantile history of Pennsylvania. There is not a regular price, nor a usual price, nor even an ordinarily low price in the store.

EVERYTHING

is marked from 30 to 75 per cent. less than you ever saw it marked.

Whatever it is that you want, send for samples. We will send them if we can and will give you prices that will astonish you anyway.

What do you think of getting 35 cent Organdies for 15 cents; 30cent Dimities for 5 cents; $1.25 Silks for 25 cents?

And that is only a beginning.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa.

In Re. First and final account of John J. Devlin, assignee of Philip Sandmaier.

And now, to wit, the Fourteenth day of June, A. D., 1897, on motion of F. P. Martin, Esq., Thomas J. Itell, Esq., appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of John J. Devlin, assignee, as shown by the first and final account of said assignee. PER CURIAM.

CAMBRIA COUNTY, SS.

Extract from the record of said court. Certified the Fourteenth day of June, A. D., 1897.

[SEAL] S. W. DAVIS,
Prothonotary.

Notice is hereby given that I will sit for the purpose of discharging the duties of the above appointment, at my office, Room No 2 Alma Hall, Main street, Johnstown, Pa., on TUESDAY, JULY 27, 1897, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

THOMAS J. ITELL, Auditor.
Johnstown, Pa., June 28, 1897. 2 3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Cambria County.

In re estate of Martin McDonald, late of East Taylor township, deceased.

Now, June 16, 1897, upon motion of P. J. Little, Esq., for H. S. Eudsley, Esq., the attorney for the executors, James R. O'Connor is appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hand of the said executors, as shown by their first and partial account, as well as to ascertain the rights of the widow in said estate, and report his conclusions to this Court.

BY THE COURT.

Take notice, that in pursuance of the above appointment, I will sit at my office in Wolf's Block, Franklin street, Johnstown, Pa., on TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1897, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested, are required to make and prove their claims, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

JAMES B. O'CONNOR,
July 16, '97 3t. Auditor.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

We the undersigned citizens of Allegheny and Clearfield townships, hereby give notice to the public not to trespass on our lands. Any one found trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

(Signed) John Sutton, H. S. Sprout, T. C. Miller, James F. Sutton, Jos. J. Weber, H. G. Conrad, Edward Ivory, Joseph A. Krise, Mrs. B. Wills, John McDermitt, Joseph Sutton, August Shoffner, Theodore Storm, Alex. Ivory, John Geok, Jacob Eckenrode, Philip A. Gray, Geo. M. Sanker, D. M. Kratzer, Henry J. Conrad, William Moran, Geo. P. Krug, Robert Johnston, John E. Mansfield, Francis H. Raval, James H. Mahoney, John Raous, Geo. Seymore, Bridget Tomlinson, Mrs. Albert Rhoa, G. B. Mayers, Josephine Huffman, Frank Feicht, Dr. W. H. Summerville, Simon P. McMullen and John Mc Coy, Mrs. Cornelius Sutton. May 1, 1897 1 yr.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., of March term, 1897, No. 42

Michael Luther vs. Agnes Luther.

And now, to wit, June 14, 1897, on motion of M. B. Stephens, Esq., attorney for petitioner, Harry Doerr, Esq., appointed a commissioner to take testimony. BY THE COURT.

Take notice that in pursuance of the above appointment, I will sit at my office, Room No. 6, Alma Hall, Johnstown, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1897, at ten o'clock, A. M., when and where all interested may attend if they see proper. HARRY DOERR,
July 16, '97. 3t. Commissioner.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Diehl and wife, of Portage borough, by deed of voluntary assignment, assigned and transferred to the undersigned all his property, real and personal, in trust for the benefit of creditors. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. ALLISON,
Assignee of Albert Diehl and wife.
Portage Pa., July 1, 1897. 16 6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Susan A. Skelly, deceased, late of Portage township, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills, etc., of said County of Cambria, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to us without delay and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM SKELLY, Gallitzin, Pa.,
JAMES SKELLY, Portage, Pa.
June 29, 1897. 2 9t.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cresson Springs Company will be held at the Mountain House, Cresson Pa., on TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1897, at 11 o'clock, P. M.

Election for president and directors same time and place. E. H. PYLE,
Secretary.
July 23. 1897. 2t.

BUGGIES at ½ Price

CARTS & HARNESS

$37 Top Buggy $37 — We Cut the $50 Phaeton $54 PRICES and $45 Road Wagon $35 outsell ALL $16 Road Cart $8.50 Buy of factory $38 Buggy Harness $2.85 and save $30 Buggy " $4.75 Middleman's $30 Team $12.50 profit. Morgan Saddle, $1.65 Cat'g'e Free

U. S. BUGGY & CART CO.
2 to 12 Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S
Celebrated
Band Instruments
ALSO
DRUMS, FIFES,
Piccolos and Band Supplies.
Send for Catalogue. JOHN F. STRATTON,
811, 813, 815, 817 E. 9th St., N.Y

WANTED SOLICITORS FIRST-CLASS, to handle the Official Directory and Reference Book of the World's Columbian Exposition, profusely illustrated, handsomely bound, sells at popular price, pays good commissions. Every body needs it just at this time and will buy it. Exclusive territory given. Send for handsome descriptive circular. W. S. CONKEY CO. Publishers. Chicago. Ill.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

WESTON'S
COMPLETE : STORE,
GALLITZIN, PA.

Offers in variety of stock, quality and prices, the greatest inducements for Cash or strictly fancy Produce to be found within 30 miles.

We Buy All Heavy Goods in Car-Lots.

DRY GOODS.
FURNISHING GOODS.
SHOES.
CLOTHING.
HATS.
FURNITURE.
CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS.
WALL PAPER.
FLOUR.
GRAIN.
FEED.
Salt.
FIELD SEEDS.
GROCERIES.

We have a large outlet for Fine Color, Worked Solid
FRESH BUTTER,
Fresh Clean Eggs, Choice Clean Vegetables, etc., etc.

We will not buy unclean eggs, or Butter that is soft and white, no matter how clean or fresh, as we cannot sell them, and we believe a fair understanding is only just to the persons who take care and expense to produce the best results. A poor horse does not bring the price of a good one, even if he sells at all. Why should produce? Occasionally markets will be overcrowded, even with good goods or produce. We handle
CHOICE STOCK
Whenever Possible.

This space will keep you in touch with our store by quoting prices and describing goods. WE WANT YOUR TRADE. VISIT OUR STORE. We can save you money on heavy goods and give you very low prices all through this great store.

W. H. WESTON, - - - - - GALLITZIN, PA.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.
DEALER IN
STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,
Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

OILS! OILS

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89tf.

ORDINANCE.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Ebensburg, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same

SECTION 1. That the borough, having determined to construct a sewer of ten (10) inches in diameter, commencing at the South side of High land avenue, and running South therefrom along Julian street to its intersection at Crawford street, thence along said Crawford street East to a lot belonging to Cambria county, thence across said lot, connecting with the main sewer on the property of the said County of Cambria, immediately North of the Jail wall.

SECTION 2 That the cost thereof be and is hereby assessed as a sewage tax upon the property adjoining or adjacent to the same, at the rate of 21½ per each foot front, according to the frontage of the several properties along the line of said Julian and Crawford streets and Cambria county lot, between the points designated in the preceding section, and the said sewage tax shall be collectible from the owner or owners of the abutting properties, as debts of like amount are now by law collectible.

SECTION 3. That if the owner or owners of any property, against which an assessment for sewage tax has been laid, as provided for in the preceding sections, shall fail or refuse to pay such assessment within sixty days after having notice of the same, the said borough shall file a claim therefore in the Court of Common Pleas in the County of Cambria, against the property upon which such assessment is laid, and may proceed to collect the same, as provided for under the third section of the Act of 15th of May, 1889

Passed finally by Council, July 6th, 1897.

THOMAS DAVIS,
President of Council

Approved by T. MASON RICHARDS, Burgess.
Attest: W. H. CONNELL, Clerk of Council.

ORDINANCE.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Ebensburg and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same.

SECTION 1. The borough, having determined to construct a public sewer of ten (10) inches in diameter from a point on High street where the same is intersected by Cherry Alley, running eastward therefrom and connecting with the main sewer on Caroline street.

SECTION 2. That the cost thereof be and is hereby assessed as a sewage tax upon the property adjoining or adjacent to the same, at the rate of 23c per each foot front, according to the frontage of the several properties along the line of said High street, between the points designated in the preceding section, and the said sewage tax shall be collectible from the owner or owners of the abutting properties, as debts of like amount are now by law collectible.

SECTION 3. That if the owner or owners of any property, against which an assessment for sewage tax has been laid, as provided for in the preceding sections, shall fail or refuse to pay such assessment with n sixty days after having notice of the same, the said borough shall file a claim therefor in the Court of Common Pleas in the County of Cambria, against the property upon which such assessment is laid, and may proceed to collect the same, as provided for under the third section of the Act of 15th of May, 1889.

Passed finally by Council, July 6th, 1897.

THOMAS DAVIS,
President of Council

Approved by T. MASON RICHARDS, Burgess.
Attest: W. H. CONNELL, Clerk of Counsel.
July 16, '97. 3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Itell, deceased.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned in the estate of Joseph Itell late of Portage township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, notice is hereby given to all those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JAMES ITELL,
July 2 1897 6t. Executor.

THOSE PEOPLE
Who Have Been Longing For
Warm Weather

surely got enough of it last week. Then everybody was wondering why it didn't rain and cool the air.

Well, it made a demand for Summer Goods, such as Thin Coats, Light Underwear, Straw Hats, Lawns and all kinds of Thin Dress Goods. It was just the kind of weather we wanted to thin out our stock of Summer Goods. We sold quite a lot and have a supply left for the next hot spell. When you want a Dress Suit of Clothes we want you to look over our stock as we have a good assortment at all prices, from $5.00 for an all-wool Dress Suit which you want to see, and for $8 or $10 we can surprise you. In fact we are surprised ourselves to find what a nice suit we can suit you for that amount.

Clothing is certainly Cheap, and we are satisfied with a Small Profit. We have ordered our Fall Stock to arrive in August, but in the meantime come in and see what we can do for you. We take pleasure in showing you our goods whether you wish to buy or not.

Barker Bros.

DON'T MISS IT!

The Great Clearance Sale
TO MAKE ROOM FOR FALL GOODS!

We are now having the greatest Reduction Sale ever held in Northern Cambria. We have a great many Suits of which there are but one or two suits of a kind—your suit may be among them. We are selling them regardless of cost—some almost half price.

We have too many Pants and to make them sell quick have reduced them to less than cost of manufacture.

CREAT CUT IN SHOES!

All our Ladies', Oxford Ties, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Tan and Chocolate Shoes have been reduced to less than cost

Call soon before they are all sold and we will show you some bargains.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

There's Pleasure
And satisfaction in a good cooking appliance, one that is a good baker and a perfect roaster.

CINDERELLA
STOVES & RANGES

Are made in all styles and sizes, with a view of meeting every want of the housekeeper at moderate cost. They have all the latest improvements, and are made of the best material, and by the best workmen. They have many good points not found in other stoves.

We simply claim for the CINDERELLA what we can prove—no more. Judge for yourself.

Your money back if not satisfied.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Bloom. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SO

MAY VOTE TOMORROW.

This Expected by Tariff Framers In the Senate.

THE REPORT WILL BE ADOPTED.

Tillman Threatened to Filibuster Against the Measure—Long Debate on the Sugar Schedule—Lumber Amendment Also Criticized—Teller Attacked the Report.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The indications are that a vote will be reached in the senate upon the conference report on the tariff bill some time during tomorrow or at the latest before the close of the week. There may be a change in the conditions which will postpone a vote, but it is difficult to see what could cause it. The opposition to the bill realize that there is no possibility of preventing the adoption of the report and their present purpose is only to secure what advantage they can by exhibiting what they claim are the inconsistencies of the measure.

It is true that at one time they had some hope of being able to secure the recommittal of the bill, but a thorough canvass reveals no foundation for this hope. It develops the fact that the Republicans will vote solidly for the report and that they will be supported by Messrs. Jones of Nevada, Silver Republican, and McEnery of Louisiana, Democrat, and also probably Messrs. Mantle and Stewart, Silver Republicans. They have also discovered that Senator Kyle, Populist, who is absent, has left strict instructions that he should not be paired.

With the adoption of the report thus assured, the Democrats probably will not attempt to prolong the debate beyond the arrival of Mr. Turley, the new senator from Tennessee. They will continue to ask for an explanation of the changes made by the conference, but these will not occupy a great deal of time.

After the tariff conference report was presented to the senate but little progress was made on it beyond the formal reading of about two-thirds of the document. Mr. Tillman (Dem., S. C., openly threatened a filibuster until next December if cotton bagging and cotton ties were not restored to the free list, but the threat was regarded as somewhat facetious. The sugar amendments occasioned a long debate, during which Mr. Allison stated that the conference rates were lower than those of the senate and largely in concession to the house. Senators Vest, Jones, Berry and White questioned this statement, urging that the sugar trust secured larger benefits from the conference schedule than from any previously offered.

The lumber amendment also brought out an animated criticism from Senators Teller and Pettigrew. When the amendments restoring cotton bagging and cotton ties to the dutiable list were reached there was a sharp protest from Senators Jones, Butler, Tillman and Bacon. Mr. Tillman expressed his indignation at the sectionalism which had inspired the conference committee. He gave notice to southern senators that if they would stand by him they could hold the senate in session until next December rather than submit to this change.

Mr. Bacon characterized the restoration of cotton ties and cotton bagging to the dutiable list as indefensible favoritism of the north against the south.

Replying to the suggestion of Mr. Tillman, Mr. Butler said he stood ready to join in any movement to hold the senate in session for a week or longer to prevent the consummation of this iniquity against the south.

"I will tell the senator," called back Mr. Tillman, "that I am negotiating with the senator from Pennsylvania (Quay) for the speech by which he stopped the last tariff debate and I may be ready to start on that speech tomorrow morning."

Mr. Teller criticised the conference committee for not carrying out the will of the senate. It was the first time, he said, that a committee had surrendered the interests of the senate without asking for instructions. He had reason to believe that members of the conference committee, supposed to represent the senate, had gone into the conference and worked against the senate amendment on white pine. Mr. Teller declared that the entire report should be rejected and sent to a committee representing the senate and carrying out its instructions. Referring to the bill as a whole the senator asserted that it was the meanest tariff ever enacted.

NEW PENSIONS ISSUED.

Some Pennsylvanians Restored to the List, Others Increased.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The following Pennsylvania pensions have been issued:

Restoration and increase—Amos Wallace, Hopewell Centre, York; Peter Keach, Fiehl Station, Lycoming.

Renewal and increase—Ezra B. Baird, Burnside, Clearfield.

Increase—Oliver McDaniel, Everett, Bedford.

Reissue—John P. Mattox, West Newton, Westmoreland.

Reissue and increase—Hugh Smith, Hollidaysburg, Blair.

Original widows—Harriet Barnes, Johnstown; Sarah C. Hicks, Johnstown; Lydia Kolb, Nanticoke, Luzerne; Catherine Allen, Scranton.

DON CARLOS MAY ARISE.

Has Stores and Arms and Spain's Peace Is Threatened.

LONDON, July 21.—A special dispatch from Madrid referring to the revival of Carlism says:

"Large quantities of supplies are stored on the French border and large consignments of arms have been ordered in Germany and in Belgium. While nobody thinks that the Carlists will openly rebel in this circumstances of popular discontent over the mismanagement of Cuba and the subserviency of the government to the United States spreads and develops riots, as it is quite likely to do, then Don Carlos may try his luck again."

Will Entertain the President.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., July 21.—Vermonters will make the most of President McKinley's visit to the shores of Lake Champlain next month. Not only has he been invited to attend the annual encampment of the Vermont national guard, but there is a possibility that he may also be present at the annual meeting and banquet of the Vermont Fish and Game League.

Baptist Day at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, July 21.—On Baptist day at the exposition, among the visitors were 1,500 delegates from the national convention of the Baptist Young People's union at Chattanooga. President Thomas and Rev. J. O. Bast of Nashville delivered addresses of welcome and President Chapman and Rev. M. Williams of New York responded.

Shipments of Gold Expected.

NEW YORK, July 21.—It is more than likely there will be a shipment of gold, the first in almost a month, before the end of this week. The exchange market has been strong all week and two of the leading gold shipping houses are expected to engage gold at the subtreasury, or in bars at the assay office in a day or two.

Injunction Against Strikers.

ALTOONA, Pa., July 21.—The Mitchell Coal and Coke company got an injunction from Judge Bell at Ebensburg, restraining striking miners from interfering with the miners or property of the company at Gallitzin or any of its employes. The company will seek to recover from the county or account of the expense incurred in defending its mines from the strikers.

AGITATORS ABUSED.

Driven Away From Pocahontas, W. Va. Sovereign Silenced.

COLUMBUS, July 21.—Organizers Green and Wallace have notified headquarters that they were compelled to leave Pocahontas, Va., at the point of shotguns. They did not offer resistance. They, however, remained in the neighborhood with the intention of doing missionary work among the miners.

One thousand workers in the Simons mine have gone out, said Secretary Pearce.

J. R. Sovereign, president of the Knights of Labor, has arrived from Pocahontas, Va., where he spoke 10 minutes to miners when the mayor, by proclamation, stopped "all public meetings or assemblages of more than three persons in any public place within the corporate limits," alleging that such meetings were inimical to the public peace. President Ratchford copied the proclamation for future use.

Mr. Sovereign reported to President Ratchford that 100 business men of Pocahontas apologized to him for the act of the mayor and that Colonel J. S. Browning of the Browning company, coming away on the train with Mr. Sovereign, also apologized to him for the act of the mayor. Mr. Sovereign is going to Fort Wayne, from whence in a couple of days he will return to the Virginias.

BLUEFIELD, W. Va., July 21.—The mayor refused to allow Grand Master Workman Sovereign to speak at Pocahontas. W. J. Freidman, an agitator, was seriously injured by being struck by a stone, and four others, agitators, were forced to flee.

ALSO HANDY WITH GUNS.

Robbers Failed to Terrorize an Illinois Cashier and Are Later Caught.

ODELL, Ills., July 21.—Two men entered McWilliams bank and placing revolvers at the head of cashier Van Buskirk, ordered him to throw up his hands and pass over the cash. Van Buskirk pulled revolvers. The robbers did not wait but opened the door and escaped.

The cashier at once ran out of the door and gave the alarm. The people on bicycles, horses, wagons, buggies and afoot followed the would-be robbers, who ran to the east of town, where they jumped in a buggy driven by two boys.

They saw that the pursuers were gaining on them and leaped out of the buggy and made for the cornfields. Hundreds of people surrounded the fields, and, after several desperate attempts to get away, the robbers were caught. Numerous shots were fired, but no one was injured.

They gave the names of Frank W. Jackson and Harry Howard, both hailing from New York. It is supposed that they are the same persons who made two attempts to wreck the Wabash pay car between Fairbury and Forest last Saturday.

SWALLOW'S PLEA GRANTED.

The Superior Court Received the Doctor's Motion Favorably.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—The case of Dr. C. S. Swallow of Harrisburg, editor of The Pennsylvania Methodist, who was fined $500 and costs for libeling Captain John C. Delaney, superintendent of public buildings, came up before the superior court here upon a motion for a supersedeas and stay of proceedings in the Dauphin county court.

Counsel for Dr. Swallow said to the court that the supersedeas would be almost necessary to secure justice for Dr. Swallow, as, if the proceedings were not stayed, Dr. Swallow would be forced to pay the fine, and if the court should reverse the decision of the lower court he would have no way under existing acts of assembly to get restitution. It was also alleged that the charge against Dr. Swallow was not an indictable offense. Judge Rice asked counsel to present to the court in writing the points raised in the application for the supersedeas. This was done and later in the day was presented to the court, and the motion was granted.

SALVATION ARMY CELEBRATED.

A Telegram From Queen Victoria Read by General Booth.

LONDON, July 21.—The Salvation Army has celebrated its thirty-second anniversary at the Crystal palace. An enormous gathering assembled, with delegates from all parts of the world.

General Booth read a telegram he had received from the queen conveying her majesty's congratulations and good wishes and acknwledging the farreaching work of the army.

Her majesty expressed the hope that the divine blessing may accompany their work.

BIMETALLIC CONFERENCE PROBABLE

England Likely to Agree to One, In Washington In August.

LONDON, July 21.—The negotiations between the American bimetallic commission and the representatives of France and Great Britain have now reached a stage which renders it extremely probable that Great Britain will agree to participate in a conference to be held in Washington next August.

To Redeem Treasury Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Representative Mitchell of New York has introduced in the house a bill to establish a currency reserve fund for the redemption of United States and treasury notes of 1890.

New Gunboat In Commission.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The new light draft gunboat Annapolis has been placed in commission at the navyyard, Brooklyn, the ceremonies being witnessed by a large crowd of spectators.

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFS

The Chester Heights campmeeting was marked by a large number of conversions.

The board of managers of the Pennsylvania Chautauqua have completed arrangements to purchase 83 acres, the site of the assembly.

Mrs. Samuel C. Grier and her 11-year-old son, at Merwin, Westmoreland county, were killed by lightning at their home.

The attempt to start the Scottdale Iron and Steel works was a failure. The company is now advertising for non-union men.

I. E. Amsden, a Pittsburg and Lake Erie civil engineer, was bitten on the hand by a snake near West Newton, but not dangerously.

The humane agent at Altoon arrested Mrs. Jennie Bell for compelling her 8-year-old son to drink a bowl of broth made by boiling a mouse.

Mrs. Margaret Thompson, aged 80, living near Delmont, fell and received perhaps fatal injuries. She formerly lived near the East End, Pittsburg.

Mrs. Samuel Sifton got on a train near Dunbar, remembered after it started that she had left her pocketbook, leaped off and was seriously hurt.

Hundreds of acres of valuable land in Hickory township, Mercer county, are being overrun with Canada thistles. Farmers have organized to destroy the weed.

Elias Flenniken, the horseman and woolbuyer of Greensboro, has bought and shipped to Boston 150,000 pounds of wool produced in Fayette and Greene counties.

Two striking miners who went to the mouth of one of the Gallitzen mines and beat drums with the intention of getting the non-union men out were arrested and locked up.

William Pentz, formerly a clerk in the Mechanicsburg postoffice, was arrested by an United States marshal at that place charged with taking letters containing money.

BLOODSHED IS FEARED.

Strikers May Tackle Mines Near Canonsburg, Pa.

MOST ALL THE MINERS WORKING.

They Have Refused to Go Out So Far. Armed Deputies on Guard—Strikers on Their First Visit Threatened Violence Should They Have to Return.

CANONSBURG, July 21.—Boone mine of the Canonsburg Coal company and the mine of Cook & Son at McGovern are running without experiencing any trouble. At the mine of Cook & Son about six miners refused to go to work. They were given their tools and paid off. Six of the strikers from Miller's Run were employed to take their places. Cook & Son have no connection with or do not run a company store, as the strikers reported.

The Enterprise mine has been closed. The men refused to work because they were told that Cook's men had joined the strikers. The Enterprise mine will resume, as the men have learned of their mistake. The visit of the strikers had no effect whatever on the miners here, as they claim they were fooled last year and will not come out again.

It is rumored that the strikers are gathering together again to come over to the mines today. There are 500 or 600 ready to move and others from Tom's Run are going to join them.

Bloodshed may result, as armed deputies are on guard.

When the strikers visited the mines the other day they threatened violence on their return.

DEBS' LIFE THREATENED.

He Is Told He Must Not Visit Kanawha, but Will Go, Nevertheless—The Agitation Throughout West Virginia Appears to Be a Failure.

WHEELING, July 21.—Changes that have an important bearing upon the coal strike situation in West Virginia comes slowly. The state taken as a whole is against the strike for financial reasons, and all who have struck have been brought out under the pressure of the organizers and agitators from elsewhere.

Generally they have been shamed into striking and their minds change when the agitators move on to other sections. In the Fairmont region, Debs admits that he is sorely discouraged, 70 of the Monongah men brought out having returned to work. The Fairmont managers declare that if the Watson men, about 1,000 in number, can be kept at work the other mines will be working tomorrow as usual.

Debs spoke at Rivesville to the Watson men, but he was not so successful as at Fairmont and no union was organized. Today he will speak at Worthington and Minersville to more of the Watson men. It is predicted that he will have no better success.

The Watsons and their men are on excellent terms and neither side has any grievance. They lead the region in production and profits and have the miners tied up in agreeable contracts to purchase cheap homes and to furnish necessaries in sickness and death. The miners have cause to like and respect the Watsons and will probably stick to them. Rev. John Chenoweth, who preaches to the Watson miners, says he never saw employers and men on better terms.

It transpires that Debs has been shadowed by two Finkerton men and that he has been threatened with death if he goes to Kanawha. He will go, however, tomorrow. A gang of 150 Italians are to arrive at Fairmont today. They were to have worked on a new railroad, but will try mining. In the Kanawha valley there is no material change. The success of the organizers at one point being offset by resumptions at others.

KLONDYKE'S RICHNESS TRUE.

The Governor of the Territory Expects $10,000,000 Yield Next Year.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 21.—Hon. C. B. McIntosh, governor of the Northwest Territory, in which is included the far-famed Klondyke district, is in Seattle. The governor freely subscribed to the truthfulness of the stories sent out as to the richness of the new diggings.

He estimates that the Klondyke and its tributaries yielded over $3,000,000 in gold last winter. Of this amount he says that $2,000,000 and upward came via the steamships Portland and Excelsior. More than $1,000,000 in dust, he says, is now stored away in the cabins of miners along the creek being developed.

"The British Yukon yield of gold for 1897," the governor resumed, "will not be less than $10,000,000."

He says surveyors are now at work trying to ascertain the feasibility of the construction of a railroad into the Yukon. One route contemplates a line of steamers from Fort Wrangle up the Styken river.

Violated a New Law.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Morris Tieman, a Hebrew baker, 714 South Fourth street, has been fined $20 and costs by Magistrate Lukens for having violated the section of bakeshop inspection act which prohibits the baking of bread on Sunday. This is the first punishment meted out in this city for the violation of the new law.

Monument to Brigham Young Unveiled.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 21.—The pioneer jubilee is being held here and for the remainder of the week will be witnessed one of the greatest celebrations ever seen in this intermountain country. Visitors have been pouring into the city and the streets are crowded. A monument to Brigham Young has been unveiled.

To Manage a Farm In China.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 21.—Geo. A. Brill of Poughquog, Duchess county, who graduated from Cornell university in 1888, recently received a cable dispatch from Li Hung Chang offering him a liberal sum to organize and manage a model farm in China under the government. Mr. Brill will accept.

Sugar Trust Stock Sold Fast.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Within five minutes after the opening of business on the exchange 13,000 shares of American Sugar Refining company stock had changed hands at prices ranging from 143⅛ to 144⅛. The price arose to 146⅜ and then down to 143. By noon 30,000 shares of the stock was sold.

Employes Working Full Time.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 21.—The force of men employed in the tin department of the Burlington shops in this city have begun working ten hours a day and all employes of that company are working full time for the first time in several years.

Fight Pictures Forbidden.

LOS ANGELES, July 21.—An ordinance has been passed by the city council and is now in force which prohibits the public exhibition of pictures of glove contests by the vitascope or other similar devices.

Two Killed by Boiler Explosion.

BLUEFIELD, W. Va., July 21.—The boiler at Brewster Brother's sawmill on Dry Fork has exploded killing H. J. White, a sawyer of Weston and Smith Hicks, engineer, of Petersville.

A Farmer Suicides.

LEBANON, Pa., July 31.—John Brendle, aged 45 years of Schaefferstown, this county, has committed suicide. He was a prosperous farmer.

U. S. MARSHALS NOT NEEDED.

The W., L. E. & P. Coal Company Closed Mines In Eastern Ohio.

WHEELING, July 21.—The Wheeling, Lake Erie and Pittsburg Coal company has closed up the entries of the mines at Dillonvale and Long Run. This is in pursuance of the threat of Superintendent Roby, in the event the men did not resume.

The Dillonvale and Long Run miners held a massmeeting at Long Run and completed the organization of their union by electing officers. They say they will not return to work until their demands are conceded. Now that the mines have been closed, it is said that the United States deputy marshals, who have been at Dillonvale for the past ten days, will be sent away, probably today.

JOINED THE GREAT STRIKE.

Miners Near Wheeling Persuaded to Throw Down Their Tools.

WHEELING, July 21.—The 100 miners employed in the works of the Glendale Coal company, eight miles below Wheeling, have struck. A few days ago the 60-cent rate was conceded to the men with the understanding that they would not strike.

Since then, however, the officials of the Panhandle district union have been at work among them. The efforts of the miners will now be turned toward getting the Moundsville mines stopped, also the two or three still at work in other parts of the Panhandle district.

WORKING FOR UNIFORMITY.

Arbitrator Bishop In Cleveland Securing Signatures.

CLEVELAND, July 21.—James Bishop, member of the state board of arbitration, is in the city. He is endeavoring to secure a general adoption of DeArmit's true uniformity policy and is meeting with success.

He says that a great deal of the trouble between miners and operators originates from the lack of uniformity among the operators, and that as soon as an agreement is reached among them the question of wages will largely be settled.

Miller Tackles the Coke Region.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 21.—Through the efforts of Organizer Cameron Miller the miners at the Boyd coal works, Hurst & Co., Smock's Station, and the Lynn coal works have struck and the mines are closed. All the mines on the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston road are now closed. Mr. Miller has begun work in the coke region, from where shipments have become a prominent factor in the labor struggle.

Miners on Baltimore and Ohio Lines.

BALTIMORE, July 21.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company announces that 11 mines on the Monongahela River railroad are working full time. All the mines on the Fairmont, Morgantown and Pittsburg branch of the Baltimore and Ohio are working and the two mines on the Monongahela River road which are not working are the Upper and Lower Monongah mines. All is quiet.

Urges Aid Sent For Miners.

PEORIA, Ills., July 21.—Grand Master Sargent of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen has issued a circular urging members to send financial aid for the benefit of the striking miners to Grand Secretary and Treasurer Arnold.

WILL FIGHT POWDERLY.

Some of the Senators Will Oppose His Confirmation.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The senate committee on immigration attempted to secure a meeting to consider the nomination of Hon. T. V. Powderly to be commissioner of immigration, but failed to obtain a quorum. The meeting developed the fact that confirmation will be opposed by some senators on the ground that Powderly's appointment is distasteful to the labor element.

COMPETITOR CREWS FREEDOM.

The President Authorized and Requested to Secure It.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The senate has passed a joint resolution authorizing and requesting the president to take all necessary steps for the release of the competitor prisoners from prison at Havana.

Will Await Action on Tariff.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—It is semi-officially announced that President McKinley will withhold his currency message until after the conference report on the tariff bill has been adopted by the senate.

Big Sales of Wheat.

CHICAGO, July 21.—In no one day for several years has so much wheat been worked for export at Chicago. Eight hundred thousand bushels in round numbers was the total of the day's reported sales for foreign shipment and that but a bull stamp near the close on what had previously been alternating a bear and bull market. September wheat closed at 72⅜c.

Italy Wants to Coerce Turkey.

ATHENS, July 21.—It is stated here that Italy has proposed coercive measures against Turkey.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, July 20.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 78@79c; No. 2 red, 76@77c; spring wheat, 76@77c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 33@34c; No. 2 shelled, 33@35½c; high mixed shelled, 30@31½c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 23½@25½c; No. 2 do, 24½@24½c; extra No. 3 white, 24½@25½c; light mixed, 22@23c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $11.75@12.00; No. 2, $9.50@10.00; No. 1 clover, mixed, $8.00@8.50; packing, $6.00@6.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, $7.00@8.00; wagon hay, $12.0 @13.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large spring chickens, 45@50c per pair; small, 25@30c per pair; large old chickens, 60@70c per pair; small, 35@45c per pair; ducks, 40@60c per pair; turkeys, 7@8c per pound. Dressed—Spring chickens, 18@22c per pound; old chickens, 9@10c per pound; ducks, 15@16c; turkeys, 13@14c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 16½@17c; extra creamery, 16@16½c; Ohio fancy creamery, 14@14½c; fancy country roll, 8@9c; low grade and cooking, 5@6c.

CHEESE—New York full cream, new make, 8½@9c; Ohios, full cream, new make, 7½@7½c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11½@12c; Limberger, new, 8@8½c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 10½@11c; Swiss, in bricks, 5-pound average, 9½@10c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 9½@10½c; in a jobbing way, 11c; selected fancy stock, 11½@12c.

PITTSBURG, July 20.

CATTLE—Supply light; market steady. We quote: Extra, $4.8 @4.90; prime, $4.70@4.80; good, $4.50@4.65; tidy, $4.20@4.40; good butchers', $4.00@4.25; fair, $3.8 @4.00; common, $3.40@3.60; heifers, $3.00@4.20; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.50; common to good fat oxen, $2.00@3.75; bologna cows, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $20.00@40.00.

HOGS—Receipts light; quality only fair. We quote: Prime light Yorkers and pigs, $3.90@3.95; best medium and good Yorkers, $3.80@3.85; heavy, $3.60@3.65; roughs, $2.25@2.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts light; market firm on sheep and slow on lambs. We quote: Choice, $4.15@4.20; good, $4.00@4.10; fair, $3.50@3.85; common, $2.70@3.40; spring lambs, $3.75@4.75; veal calves, $5.75@6.10; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@4.00.

CINCINNATI, July 20.

CATTLE—Market active and higher at $3.2 @3.75.

HOGS—Market steady at $2.25@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $2.00@3.65. Lambs—Market steady and higher at $3.50@5.15.

NEW YORK, July 20.

WHEAT—Spot market stronger.

CORN—Spot market steady but quiet; No. 2, 30½c elevator, 32½c afloat.

OATS—Spot market easier; No. 2, 25c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 9@10c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 7@7½c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, $3.60@4.00; lambs, $5.15@5.75.

HOGS—Market quiet at $3.90@4.20.

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture? If so, send two cents in stamps to the *Mack Publishing Co.*, 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated **"Ladies' Books."** It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous house-hold game **Verba.**

For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and notes of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless gly cyrrhized aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, either solid or fluid. Price, 75 **Cents per Pint Bottle.** Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

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ROYAL ELIXIR.

An elegant English pharmaceutic preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.

Approved by the highest medical authorities
In use in the hospitals in every part of Europe
Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.
Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.
In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.

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The Royal Pharmaceutic Co.
LONDON AND NEW YORK,
Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.
NEW YORK BRANCH:
136, 132, 134 Charlton St.

ROYAL PILLS.

Same medicinal properties as ROYAL ELIXIR, in boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORDIAL,	delicious taste,	50c.
Vinegar Bitters POWDERS, 50 doses,		50c.
Vinegar Bitters, new style,	pleasant taste,	$1.00
Vinegar Bitters, old style, bitter taste,		$1.00

The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.
Only Temperance Bitters Known.
The past fifth of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors,
SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

CATARRH

IS A LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climate changes.

FOR YOUR PROTECTION we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

is acknowledged to be the most direct cure for Nasal Catarrh, Cold in Head and Hay Fever of all remedies. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals the sores, protects the membrane from colds, restores the senses of taste and smell. Price 50c. at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

June 4 97. ly.

Steel Picket Fence.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD

The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This is not a setting.) It can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture heavy Iron Fencing, Creating, Stable Fittings, Fire Escapes, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

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and enjoy it, one must first have good health.

LAXA TEA

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FATFOLKS REDUCED

per month by a harmless treatment by practicing physician of 20 years' experience. No bad effects or detention from business. No starving, wrinkles or flabbiness. It improves general health and beautifies complexion. Physicians and society ladies indorse it. Thousands cured.

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WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.

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Your patronage solicited.

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Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. **The best remedy is Ayer's Pills.** Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.

"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. L. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a cathartic for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an

Effective Remedy

for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.

"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.

"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.

"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

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Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

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BUTCHERS,

All kinds of the Best Meat from selected stock kept at their Daily Meat Market on High Street, Ebensburg.

Give us a call.

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OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

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Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

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is a rascal boon to business men who, having mixed unconsciously into the drink habit and taken to the disease of alcoholism fastened on them, rendering them unfit to manage as it requiring a clear brain. A four weeks' course of treatment at the

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restores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and leaves them to the condition they were in before they indulged in stimulants. This has been done in more than 1000 cases treated here, and in the form some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the entire safety and efficiency of the Keeley Cure. Fullest and most searching investigation is invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.

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Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*
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They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, and no tennis. Just think of it. One day I found a little book called 'Guide to Health,' by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."

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